

# The rise of LNG in Greece and Eastern Mediterranean

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# NOCs/IOCs Strategic Goals

- **Maintain and upgrading their role** in the liberalised competitive domestic and international markets.
- *Increase the natural gas penetration in the energy market by developing infrastructure projects and by supplying natural gas to regional markets.*
- **Become key players in the broader region** – expand trading activities through participation in international infrastructure projects.
- Maintain and continuously improve the competitive and sufficiently **diversified natural gas supply portfolio.**

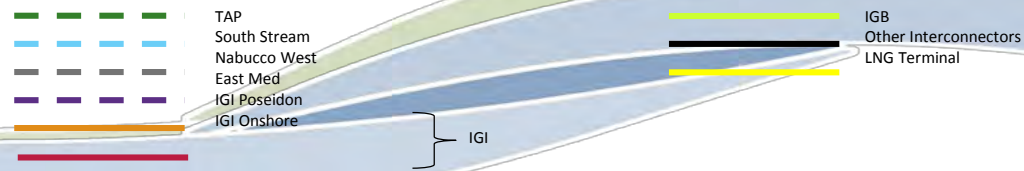
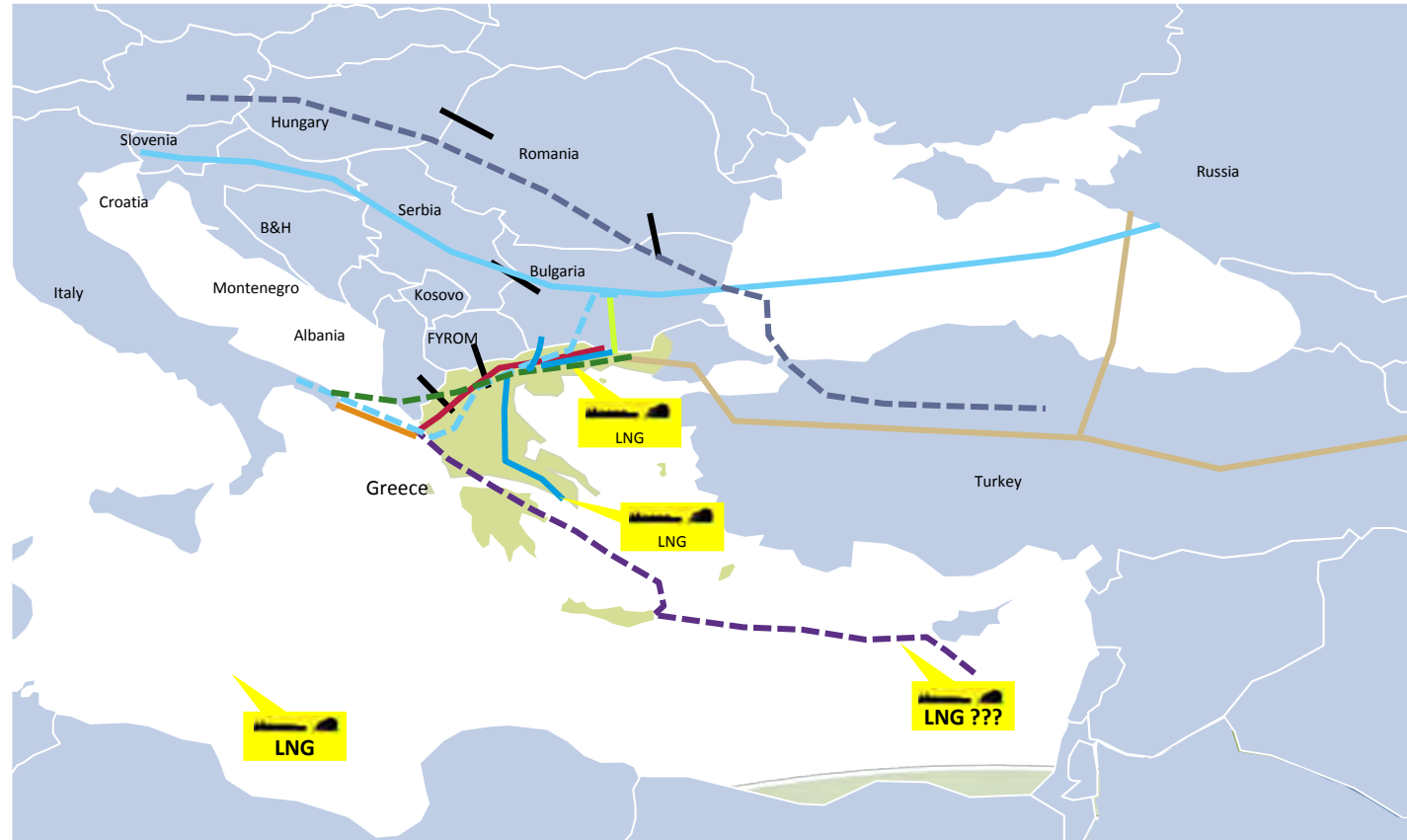
# I. Need for LNG and LNG infrastructure

# East Med Energy Projects

East Mediterranean gas will play an important role as the EU incorporates this newly found source into its energy policy.

Existing LNG terminal in Revithoussa Island off shore Athens

A planned Floating Storage and Regasification Unit (FSRU) in Northern Greece will allow LNG to flow to Europe.



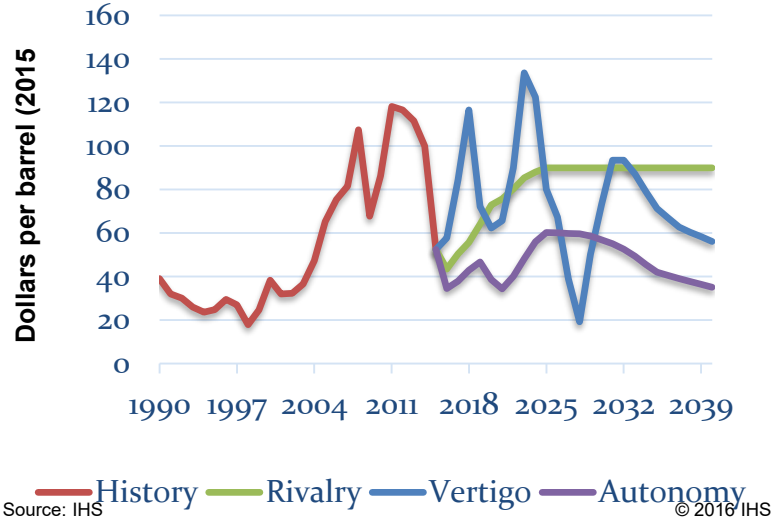
## II. LNG as Marine Fuel

# Key Considerations

- Recent decision of IMO will speed up developments
- LNG competition with Low Sulphur Bunker Fuels and EGCS (scrubbers) but:
  - Competition depends on oil price level and LNG decoupling
  - LNG can offer compliance with potential future environmental regulation (NO<sub>x</sub>, PM, CO<sub>x</sub>)
  - Conversion Investments payback often < 5 years
  - LNG could be the most beneficial option for:
    - Smaller vessels
    - New builds
    - Vessels operating on fixed routes (e.g. Container vessels, Ferries, Cruise ships)
- Other issues also matter (safety, reliability)

# Oil and Gas Prices

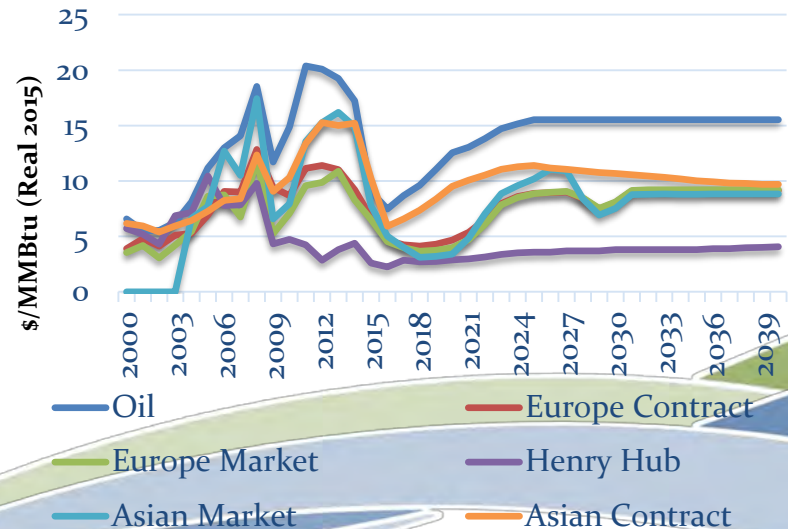
Average annual crude oil prices (real), 1990–2040



Increased decoupling of oil and gas prices

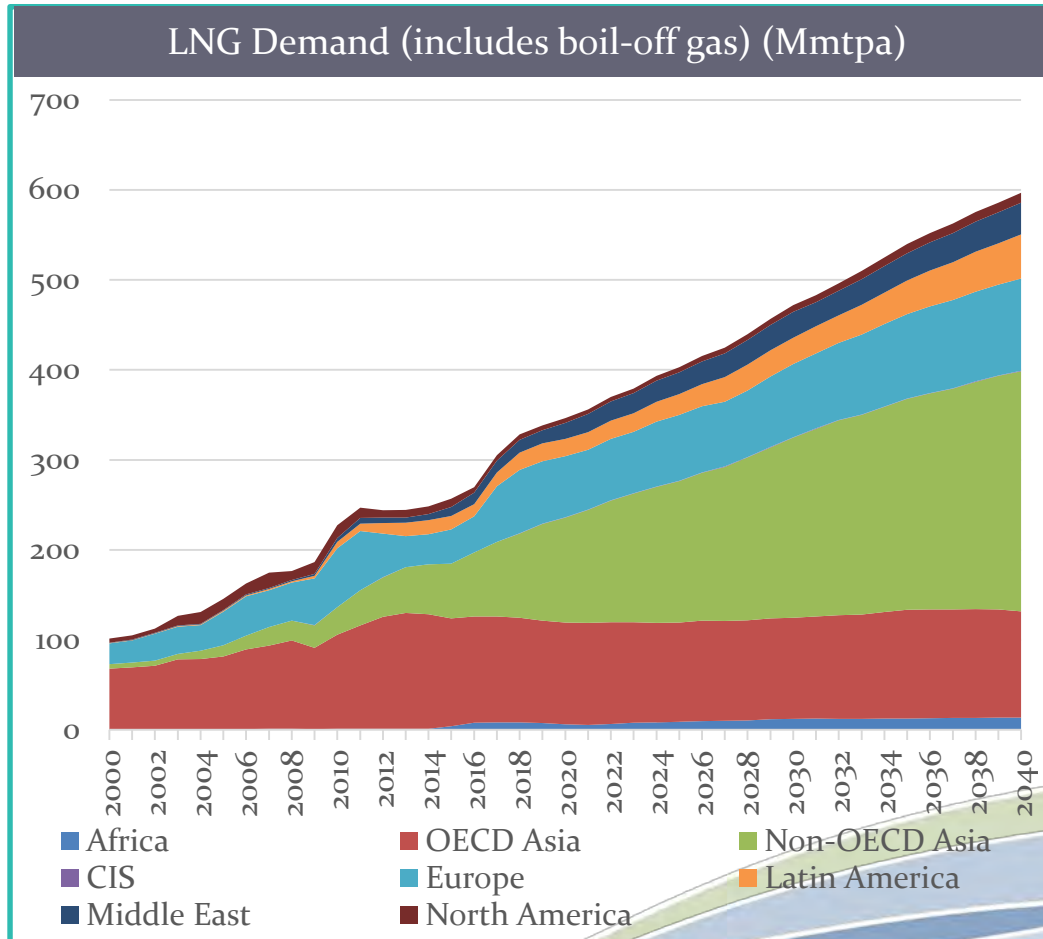
LNG globally commoditized

Comparative gas prices (Real), 2000-2040





# Global LNG Demand



LNG Demand growth under all scenarios

Non-OECD Asia is the main growth market

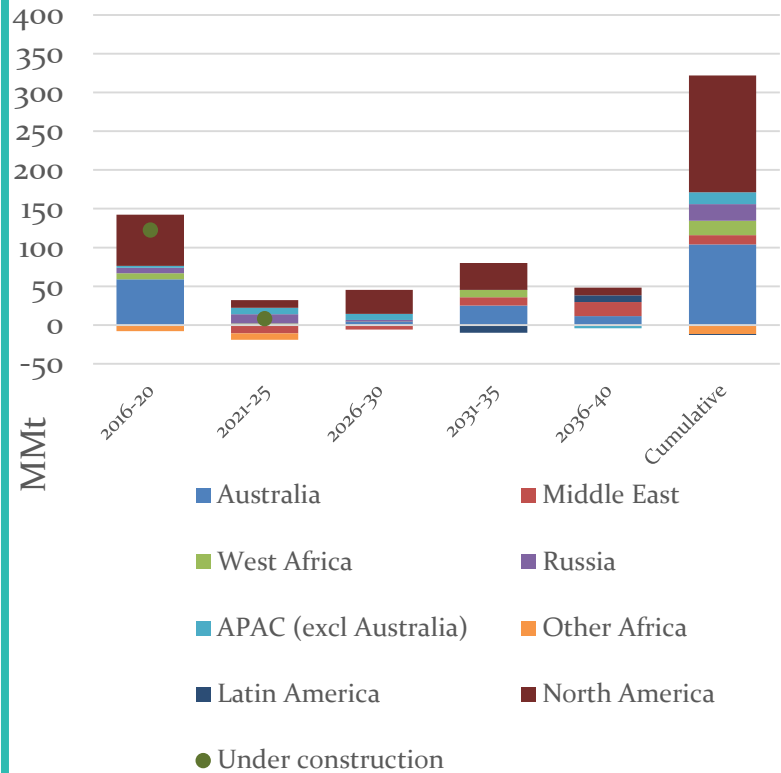
Europe remains the residual market

LNG demand as transportation fuel grows in importance



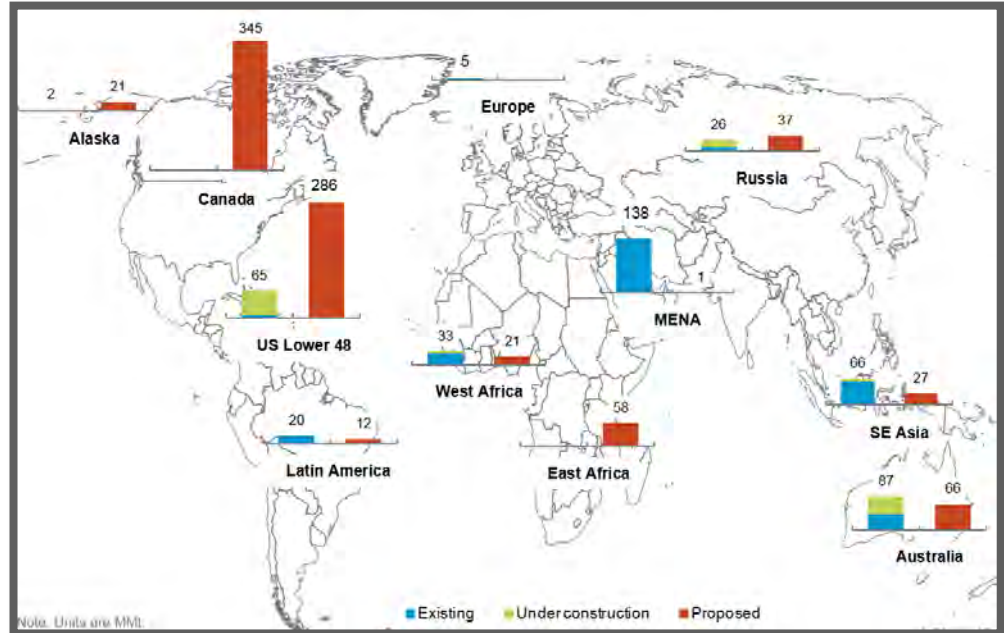
# Global LNG Supply

Incremental liquefaction capacity



Source: IHS, July 2016

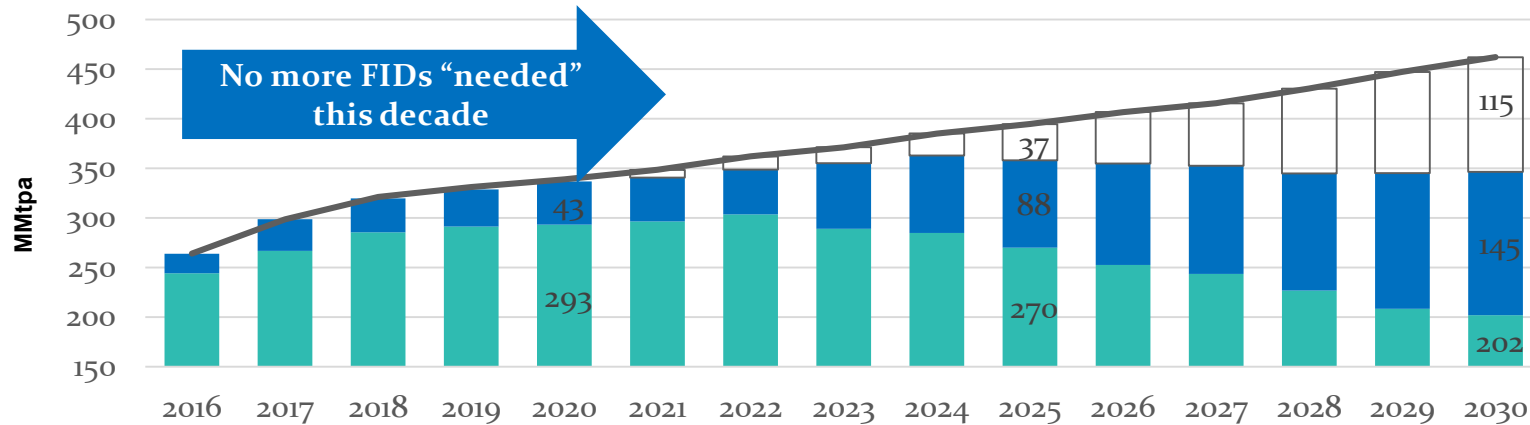
In a low oil price environment large projects at risk



Global liquefaction capacity dominated by North America and Australia

# Supply – Demand Balance

Contracted supply and viable un-contracted supply versus global LNG demand



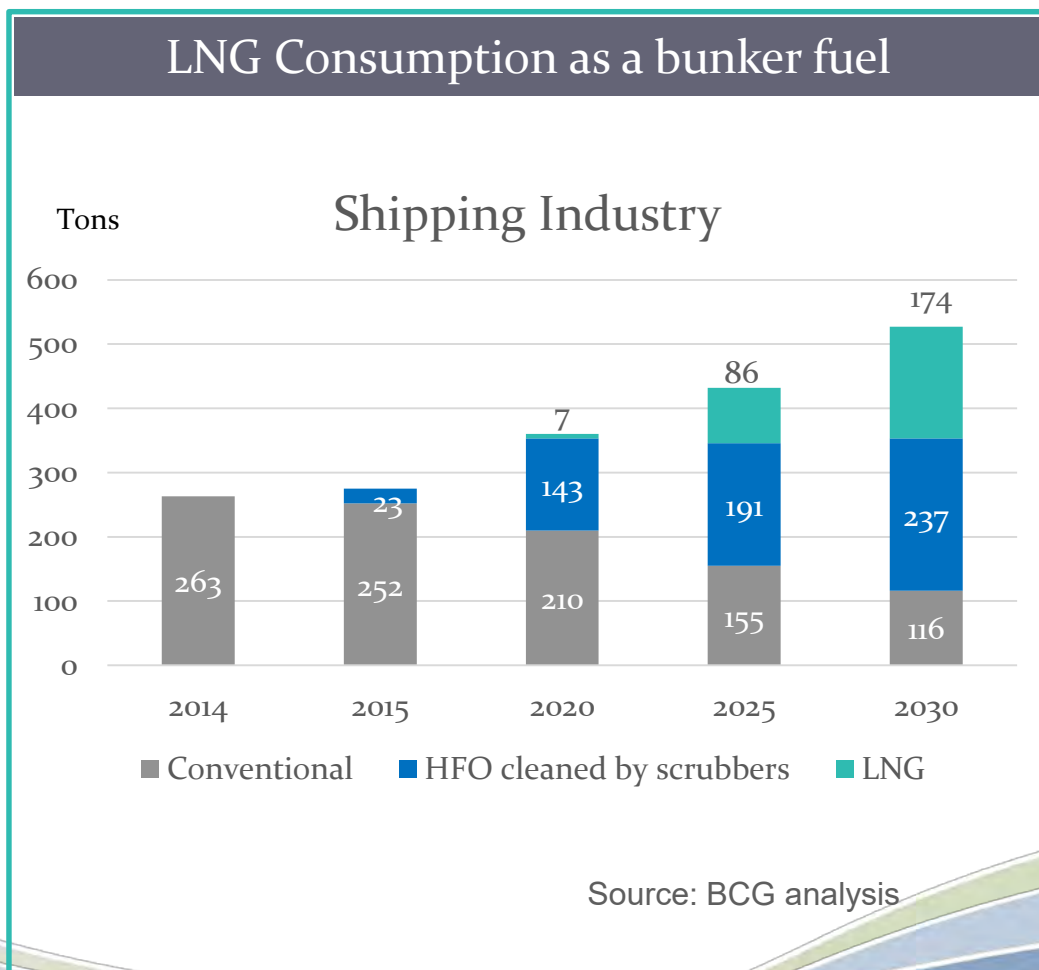
- Opportunity gap for all un-sanctioned projects
- Total un-contracted LNG flows from existing and under construction projects
- Contracted supply from existing and under construction projects
- Global LNG demand

Note: MMtpa = Million metric tons per annum of LNG. Does not include market-driven underutilization from global projects © 2016 IHS

## Buyers market

Reduced capacity utilization 80%-90% vs. 88% (in the period of 2000-2016)

# LNG Demand for Bunkering



Different views often diverging.  
Drivers that could speed up the demand:

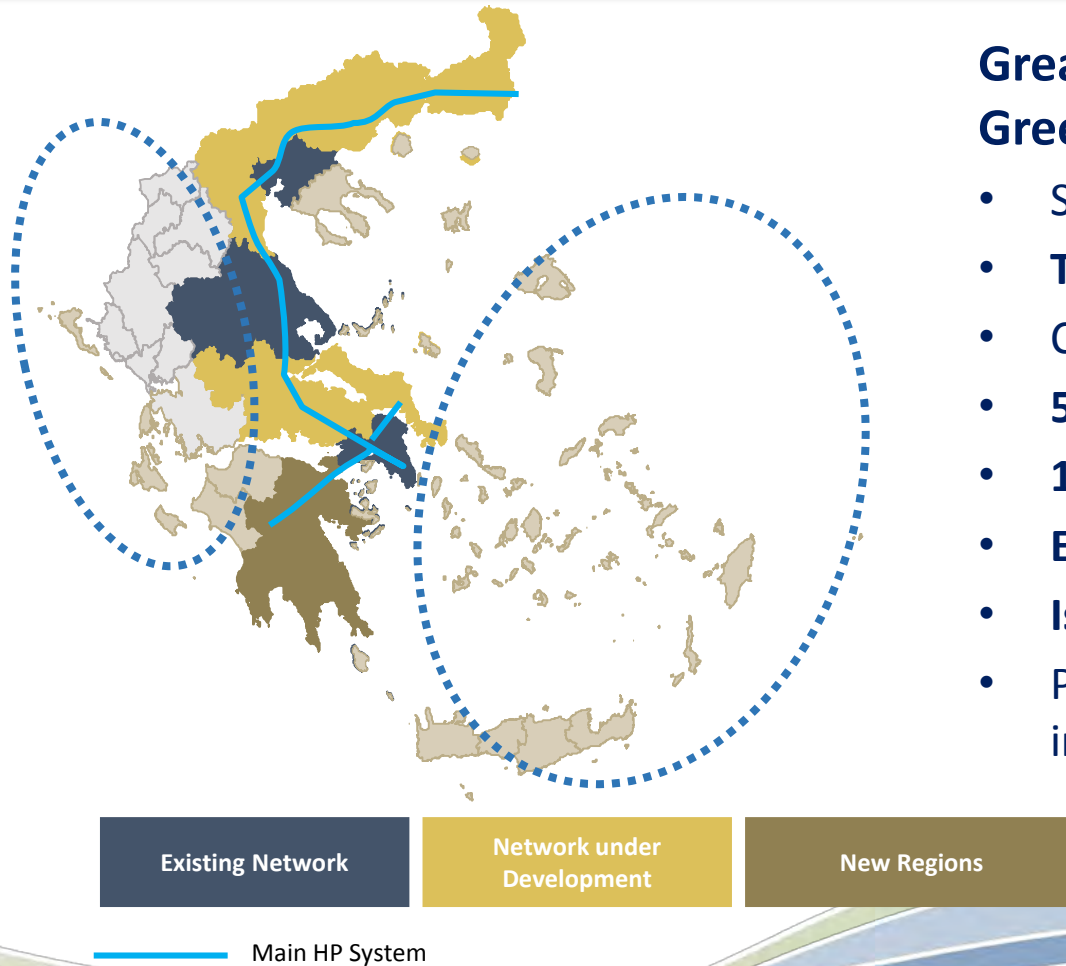
**1**  
New environmental regulations

**2**  
Availability and cost of ownership for other bunker fuels

**3**  
Optimization of the SSLNG supply chain

## III. Small Scale LNG in Greece

# Small Scale LNG Project in Greece



## Great opportunity for LNG in Greece:

- Strategic **geographical position**
- **Tradition in shipping** – World leader
- Connections with **162 ports**
- **53 Islands** (more than 1.000 inhabs)
- **111 ports**
- **Existing LNG Terminal** – Revithoussa
- **Island power production plants**
- Port hinterland with towns & industry/business consumers

## Small Scale LNG Market is Possible in the Area

Tradition - Greece is a world leader in shipping

Strategic geographical position

Important internal short sea activity (53 Islands with population >1.000 - 111 ports)

Need for LNG for other uses (potential for gasification of remote areas)

Availability of LNG supply / infrastructure (LNG Terminal – Revithoussa)

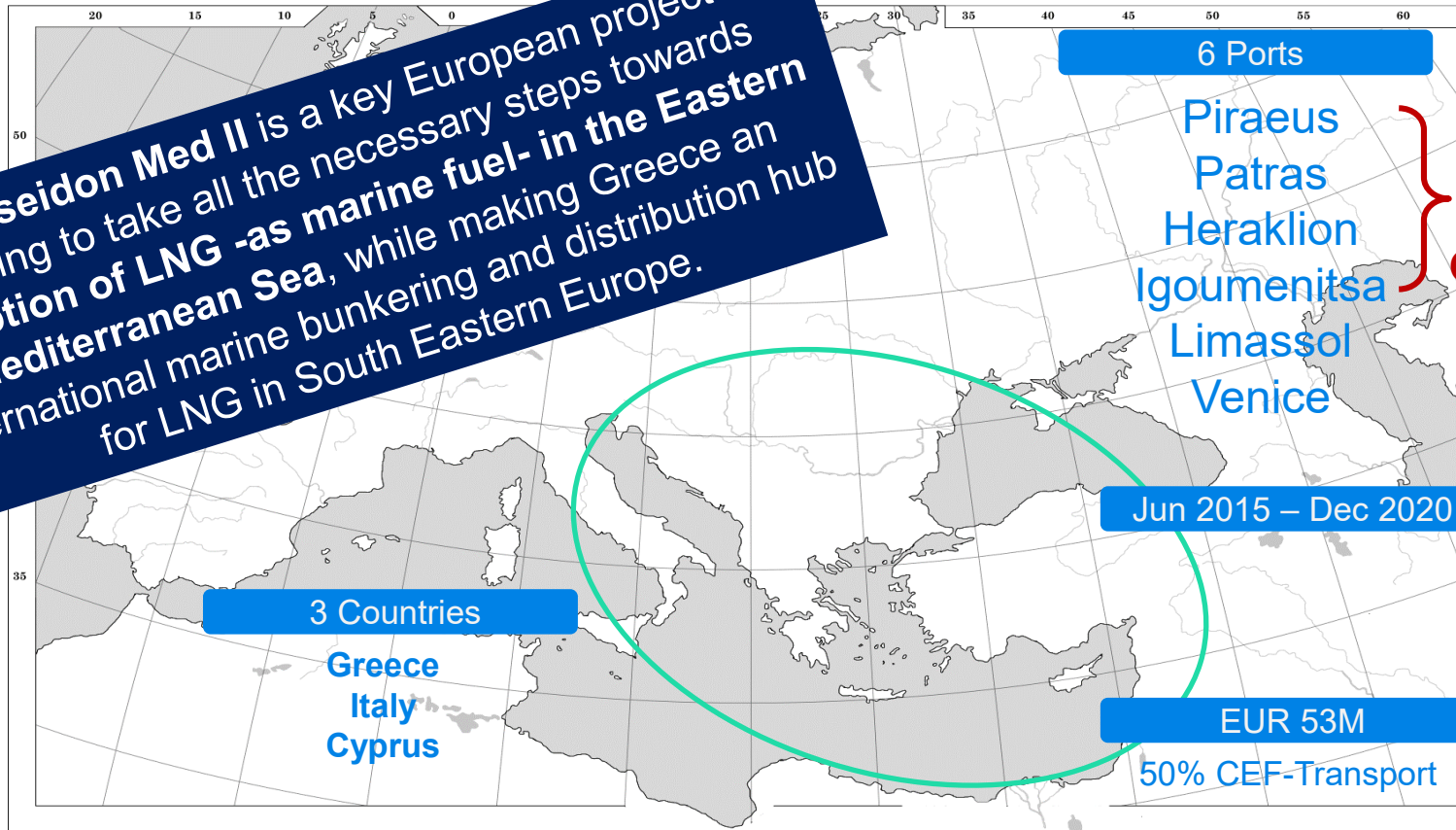


## III. Poseidon Med II

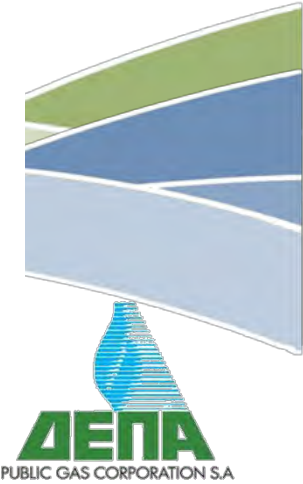


# Poseidon Med II - Region of Action

**Poseidon Med II** is a key European project aiming to take all the necessary steps towards adoption of **LNG -as marine fuel-** in the **Eastern Mediterranean Sea**, while making Greece an international marine bunkering and distribution hub for LNG in South Eastern Europe.



4 out of 5  
Greek  
Core Ports



# Activities

<b>Project Organization</b>	<b>Coordination – Management – Dissemination Social &amp; Public Consultation – Awareness</b>
<b>Ports &amp; LNG Terminal Infrastructure</b>	<b>Environmental/Safety/Site Studies – Ports Master Plans updating Supporting/Preliminary/Detailed Design Studies – Tender documents</b>
<b>Vessels Infrastructure</b>	<b>Technical studies for selected vessels</b>
<b>Pilot case (Venice)</b>	<b>Executive Design and Construction of an Innovative LNG Vessel</b>
<b>Financial aspects</b>	<b>Installations Financial Assessment Financial Instruments for the Global Projects Investments</b>
<b>Regulatory framework</b>	<b>Adaptation of the Regulatory Framework</b>
<b>Sustainability-Synergies</b>	<b>Assessment of Efficient Supply Chain/Synergies Sustainable LNG Pricing Patterns</b>

# Partners





# Progress in 2016



Preliminary layout  
of the truck loading station



Specifications for the design of the  
LNG Feeder

Market research for other NG uses



Meetings with stakeholders to  
explore synergies



## Plans for 2017

- Environmental Impact Assessment for all ports and Revithoussa
- Supporting (Baseline ) Engineering studies
- LNG As Fuel on new building Designs
- Bunkering Vessel Designs
- Design of a Pilot Truck loading station on the island of Revithoussa LNG import terminal
- Sub-Milestone) Technical recommendations detailing quantity and quality measurements across the LNG bunkering supply and custody transfer chain

# Poseidon Med II – Key considerations

Well known Project in the market

Wide interest in the project from local and international players

Need for intense effort for adapting the required legislative framework

European & national support on investments for ship-owners & infrastructure developers

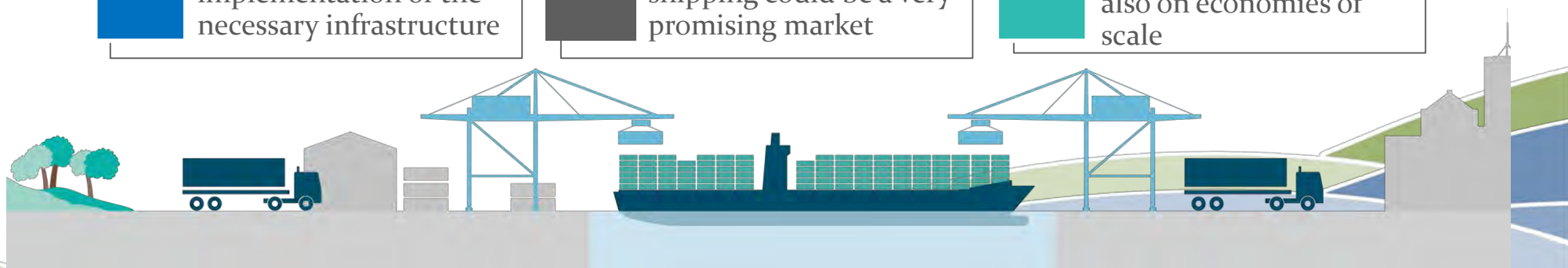
Attention to infrastructure permitting and public acceptance

Rapid development of LNG technology provides new options

Pilot case will boost the implementation of the necessary infrastructure

Signs that Cruise shipping could be a very promising market

Economic benefits for final users depending also on economies of scale





# Conclusions

- LNG: a fast growing fuel in a globally commoditized market, gradually delinked from oil
- A buyers market in the short-medium term
- LNG for bunkering: The best choice especially for long term viewers
- Synergies between energy and shipping industries





