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Our vision for the lignite areas: Just Transition Master Plan

Exchange of experience on the Just Transition Master Plan

DECEMBER 2020





Main Goal

As a key part of The National Energy & Climate Plan, the government committed to decommission all lignite power plants by 2028 with the majority expected to take place by 2023

The goal is to support the transition local economies and employment and minimize the associated social and environmental impact during this transition





Five basic principles underline the vision for the next day

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Focusing on labor-intensive industries to create new job opportunities for local communities





Leveraging the **innate advantages** of the affected regions





Ensuring a speedy transition with a focus on quick wins





Promoting social and environmental sustainability





Integrating modern technology and promoting an entrepreneurial spirit throughout all new activities

In accordance with the policy objectives of the EU

- A smarter Europe
- A greener Europe
- A more connected Europe
- A more social Europe
- A Europe closer to its citizens







The vision for the "next day"

Sustainable socio-economic development leveraging region's competitive advantages to drive economic growth & improve quality of life for its citizens













supported by key enablers

Consequently, the

vision for the "next













Clean Energy Smart agricultural production

Sustainable Tourism

e Industry, handicrafts and trade Technology & Education



Physical and digital infrastructure



Reskilling of human capital



Guidance for entrepreneurship & Incentives



Land repurposing

Source: Analysis of JDTP Team

The vision for the "next day" will be promoted with public, private and PPP investments



Our vision for Western Macedonia:

Center for production and research in clean energy with a diversified economic model

Current situation in Western Macedonia in 2020

From:



Lignite based energy production



Limited industrial activity



Under-utilized perspective of tourist activity



Focused production of PDO products



W. Macedonia: Expressed interest in 11 major projects estimated to mobilize over € 2 billion in new investments in the region

	Large investments under consideration	Estimated Investment
Clean Energy	 Photovoltaic parks (~ 2GW) Green hydrogen production unit Energy storage facilities Field of energy research and technology1 with PPP 	~€1.5B
Industry, handicrafts and trade	 Industrial park with emphasis on the manufacture of electric products (lithium batteries, etc.) by a nationwide group Establishment of a waste management unit Biomass processing center 	~€200M
Smart agricultural production	Smart agricultural production units of the latest technology (hydroponics) from an international company in the food industry	~€100M
Sustainable tourism	Wine tourism ecosystem to the standards of Northern Italy (interest from a leading company in winemaking)	~€25M
Other Investments	State-of-the-art physical rehabilitation clinic with PPP from public entities	~€60M
	Industry, handicrafts and trade Smart agricultural production Sustainable tourism Other	Clean Energy Clean Energy Creen hydrogen production unit Energy storage facilities Field of energy research and technology1 with PPP Industry, handicrafts and trade Industrial park with emphasis on the manufacture of electric products (lithium batteries, etc.) by a nationwide group Establishment of a waste management unit Biomass processing center Smart agricultural production Smart agricultural production units of the latest technology (hydroponics) from an international company in the food industry Sustainable tourism Wine tourism ecosystem to the standards of Northern Italy (interest from a leading company in winemaking) Other State-of-the-art physical rehabilitation clinic with PPP from

- 1. Indicative: electric propulsion, hydrogen and alternative fuels, storage technologies
- 2. University of Western Macedonia Source: PPC, ELPE, Investment plans, Proposals of institutions, Analysis of SDAM Team



Private entity





Our vision for Megalopolis: Sustainable development with emphasis on industrial profile and natural advantages of the region

Current situation in Megalopolis in 2020

From:



Coal-based energy network, but also a natural gas unit



Limited industrial production



Unknown tourist destination



Small agricultural production of specific products



Megalopolis: The region is modernizing its energy and industrial profile, while utilizing its natural advantages

			Large investments under consideration	Estimated Investment
4	Clean Energy	٥	Photovoltaic Parks (~550MW)	~€250M
	Industry, handicrafts and trade	2	Standard pharmaceutical industry	~€90M
0	Smart agricultural production	2	Intelligent livestock and animal feed unit Smart agricultural units for the production of exportable products1	~€40M
	Sustainable tourism	2	Original adventure, entertainment and education theme park	~€40M
)	Other Investments		Other public investments	~€30M
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^{1.} It has been covered in the chapter of W. Macedonia for which the investment interest has been expressed





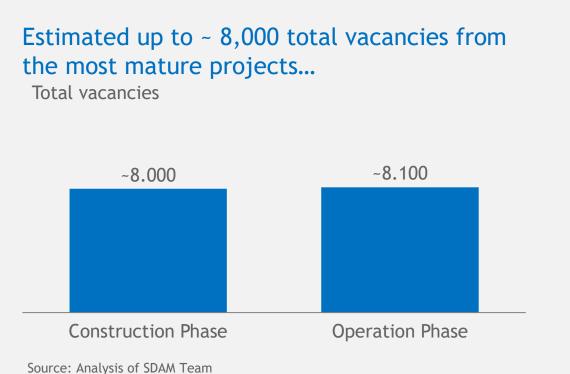




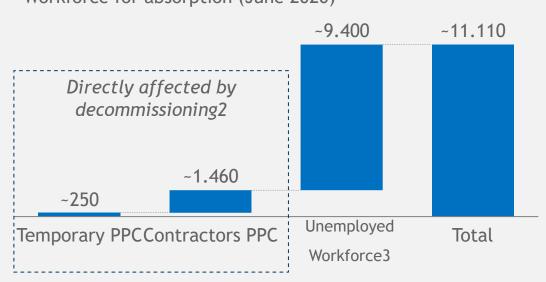
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Investments can create employment for the directly affected and locally unemployed workforce

Taking into account the estimated vacancies created from the other planned investments, it is expected that more vacancies will eventually be created than those affected by the decommissioning plan.

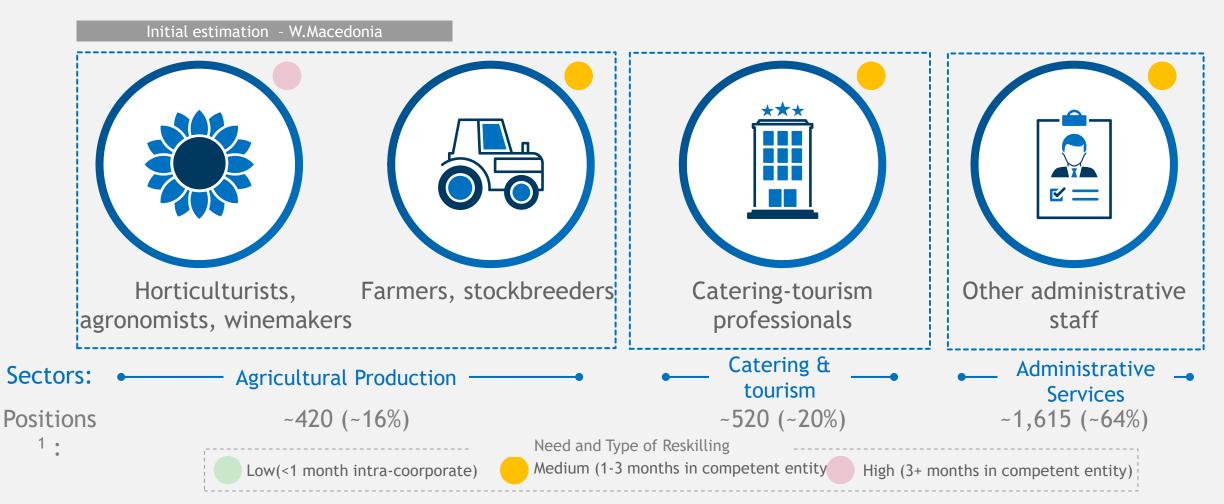


...which can mitigate the observed
unemployment levels
Workforce for absorption (June 2020)



ource. Analysis of 3DAM Tean

Workforce Redeployment: The need for reskilling is identified in 3 main sectors of specialization



Source: Analysis of SDAM Team

Important prerequisites for rapid implementation



Institutionalization of incentives



Special Urban Plans (SUP)



Project financing



Land restoration



Public Investment



Licensing process



Defying incentives: Type of incentives and targeting

Prediction of 15 specialized incentives divided into 3 groups

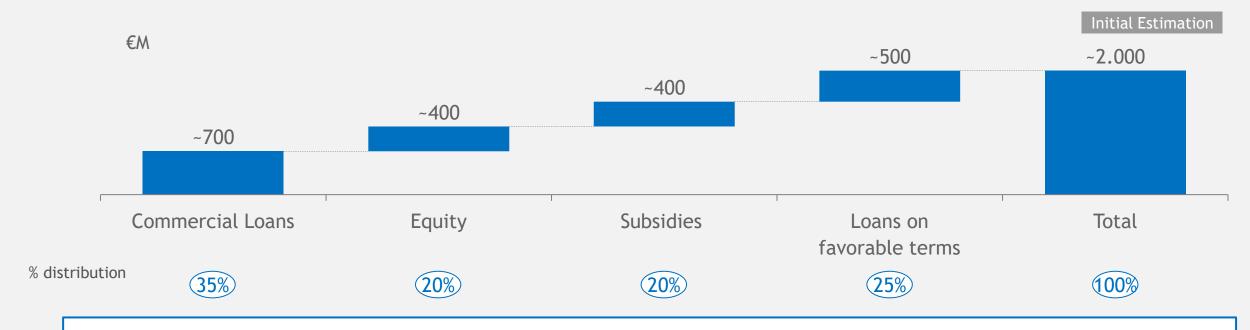
- Incentives to attract a new production process: Provision of a grant for a new investment, Tax exemption, Tax relief, Subsidy for insurance contributions, Exemption of fees, Loan on favorable terms, Guarantees
- Incentives to maintain the existing operation: Provision of a grant for reform/modernization of a productive operation,
 Subsidy of loan obligations, Subsidy of wage costs, Participation in Equity, Loan on favorable terms
- Incentives to support individuals: Income tax deduction, Mortgage subsidy, Enhancement of projected benefits and training programs

The way of defying incentives and targeting

- The determination of the incentives took into account all the communication that has preceded with local entities, potential investors, executives of the involved services, etc.
- The main goal is to make the most of all available sources of funding, including the 3 pillars of the Just Transition Mechanism as well as the other sources (National and European).
- Incentives will mobilize and activate specific investment projects, which will allow the mobilization and leverage of additional financial resources, which otherwise would remain dormant.

Source: Analysis of SDAM Team

Initial investments' financial plan: Full utilization of all available sources of funding



- The financial scheme shows the fact that a significant part of the investments will be made through the leverage of commercial (bank) loans and equity, as significant investments that are launched do not need any further support.
- At the same time, the utilization of the Just Transition Mechanism with the aim of not the immediate exhaustion of subsidies (Just Transition Fund) but the more complete use/utilization of all its 3 pillars, enables the integration and implementation of an increasing number of investments.

The preparation of the Territorial Plans includes 3 basic modules:









Description of the process of transition to a climate neutral economy and justification for classifying regions as negatively affected



Evaluation of social, economic and environmental impact of the transition areas and description of expected contribution from the JTF to address them



Description of the participation of the partners, identification of the monitoring and evaluation measures and definition of competent entities

Source: SDAM Team Analysis

Thank you!

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