Motor Oil Hellas Group Realizing the Energy Transition

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Motor Oil Group at a Glance

Key Figures – FY2019



9,373 m€ 474 m€ Revenue

Group EBITDA

256 m€ Total Investments



2,150+

Group Employees



5 Countries

Greece, North Macedonia, Croatia, Cyprus, Serbia





The context

Drivers of the Energy Transition

Paris
Agreement:
<1.5 °C

EU GHG emissions: -55% by 2030

Green Deal: carbon neutral EU by 2050

Profound changes shape the future of the energy sector:

- Climate Change goals trigger Energy transition to a low-carbon and carbon-neutral society
- Ambitious targets and stringent regulations
- Structural long term demand reduction for fossil fuel products
- Technology advances and competitive new energy sources
- Consumer preferences
- Investor demand

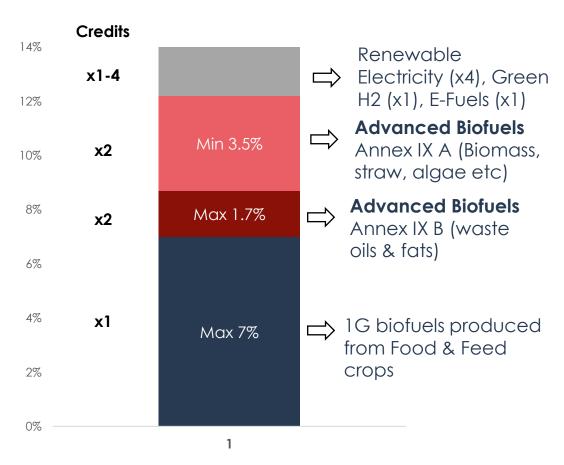
Key driver for transformation:

Decarbonization targets and mobility trends shift towards **renewable** and **carbon-free products**



2 EU Policy & Implementation

EU Policy to Drive Low-Carbon Fuels Demand



- The EU RED II requires a minimum 14% of transport fuels
 to be of renewable origin (incl. electricity) by 2030.
- Each member state may impose increased targets e.g
 28% in Spain and 52% in Sweden.
- REDII is both an obligation and an opportunity.
- Implementation provides a potential niche market for O&G companies willing to invest in new technologies.



Meeting the Low-Carbon Targets

Opportunities

Infrastructure

Not everything can be electrified, e.g. heavy duty applications

Compatibility

Compatibility with existing infrastructure and vehicle fleet

Economic Growth

Supports growth, economic and sustainable development

Self-sufficiency

Usage of indigenous raw materials and reduction of fossil fuel imports

Challenges

Transition

New opportunities, but with longer-term profitability horizons

Investment

Sizeable Investments needed

Technology

Immature technologies of advanced biofuels

Feedstock

Raw materials availability, security of supply and logistics

Policy

Policy & regulatory framework to support investments



Implementation in Greece

- Greece currently lacks the policy framework for REDII
- REDII implementation required by mid-2021
- Significant opportunity for Greece as it supports:
 - ➤ Circular economy
 - > Agriculture sector
 - ➤ Industry & refineries
 - > Economic development
 - > Job creation
 - > Environmental protection
 - Regional hub development in South-East Europe

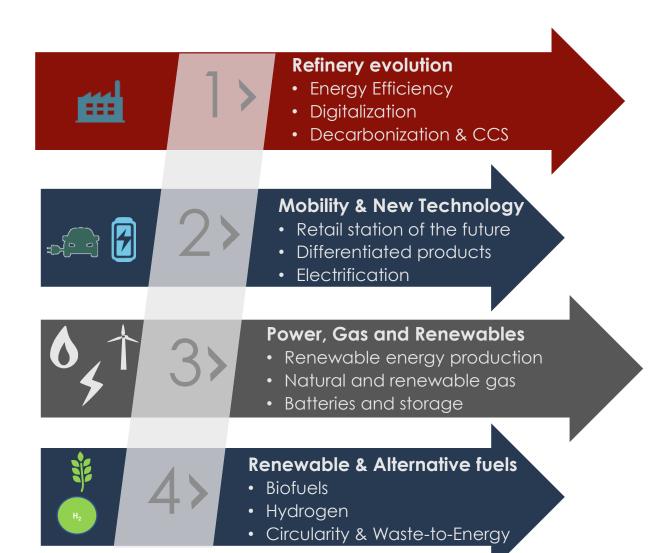
Circular Economy





3 Motor Oil Group Strategy

Motor Oil Group Current Priorities









Solid investment plan to support strategic growth







Lubricants Recycle & Regeneration



4 Key Takeaways

Key Takeaways

- Energy industry goes through a profound change driven by carbon reduction targets and consumer preferences.
- EVs and biofuels expected to play an elevated role in Greece's downstream markets
- The energy transition will require **incentives** and significant investments in low carbon technologies and infrastructure driven mostly by **big investors**
- The O&G industry will need to develop a long-term strategy to diversify their business and heavily invest outside the core
 - ✓ Scale, infrastructure and resources to implement transition are unparalleled.
 - ✓ Existing activities necessary to keep generating cash to support this transition
- The **positive impact** to Greek economy is immense: trade balance, industry, job creation...
- Policy support is paramount to enable green investments (smart implementation of REDII)

