

Energy Community at the Crossroads

Janez Kopač, Director

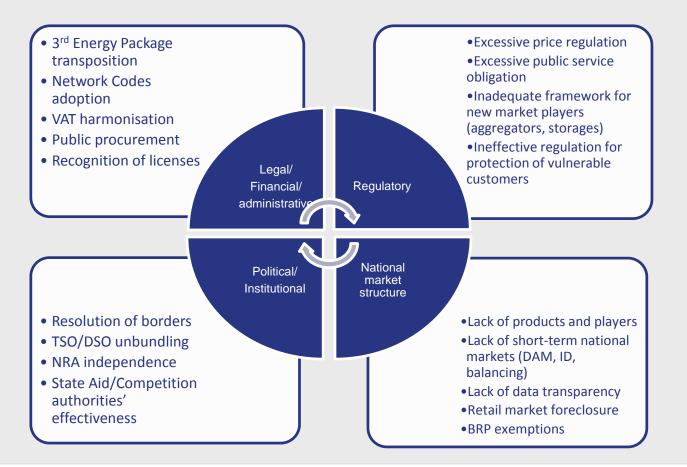
Energy Community Secretariat

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- 1. Resistance to establish electricity market
- 2. Legal gap between EU and Energy Community CPs
- 3. Fossil fuel subsidies vs. RES subsidies
- 4. High country risks high capital costs
- 5. Expensive feed-in tariffs, resistance to auctions
- 6. Underestimated state aid
- 7. Action needed

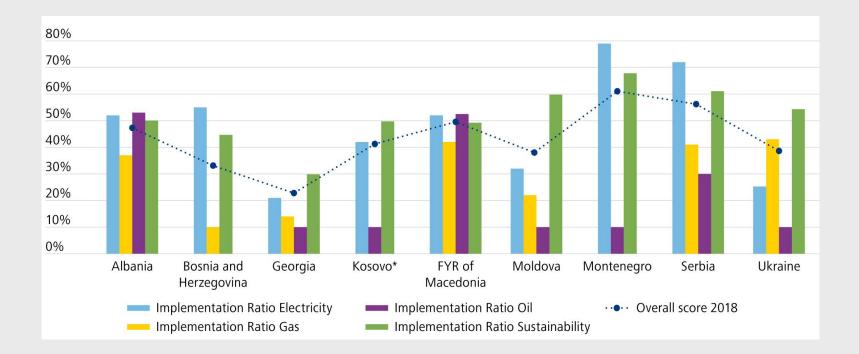
Vicious circle of challenges to cross-border cooperation



Energy Community

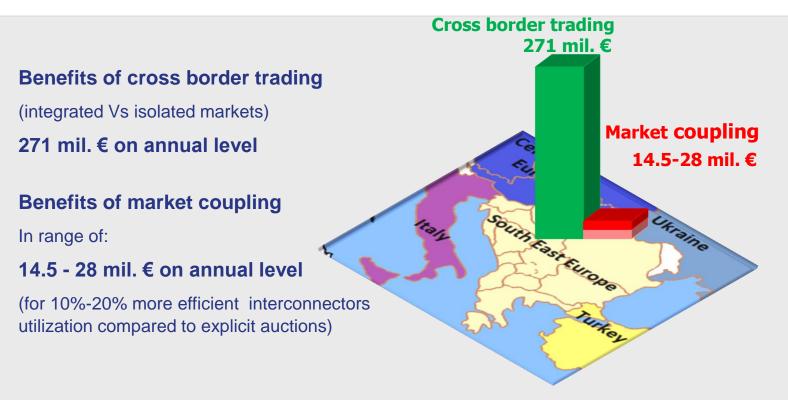
Implementation indicator











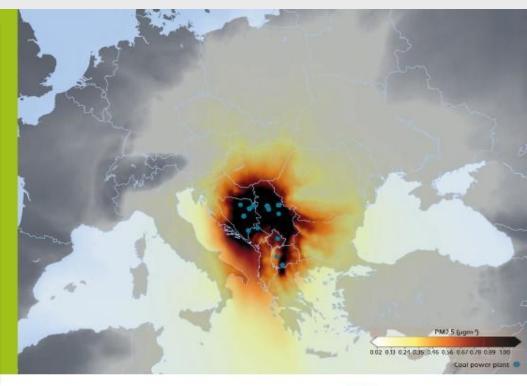
The main finding is that the gains from market coupling implementation are <u>considerable in</u> <u>absolute terms</u>, and at least an order of magnitude larger than the costs; still, it should be recognized that they are <u>rather modest compared to the total value of wholesale turnover</u>

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- Transboundary pollution problem!
- EU member states already fail to keep air quality standards
- Additional harmful pollution travelling into the EU from five neighbouring Western Balkan countries
- Most impacted EU neighbouring countries, but far away too







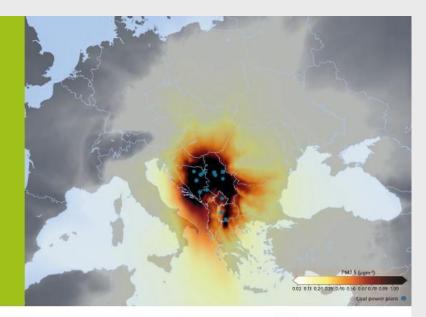


CEE Bankwatch Network





Modelled pollutant exposure to particulate matter (PM2.5) caused by the 16 coal power plants in the Western Balkans in 2016, annual mean



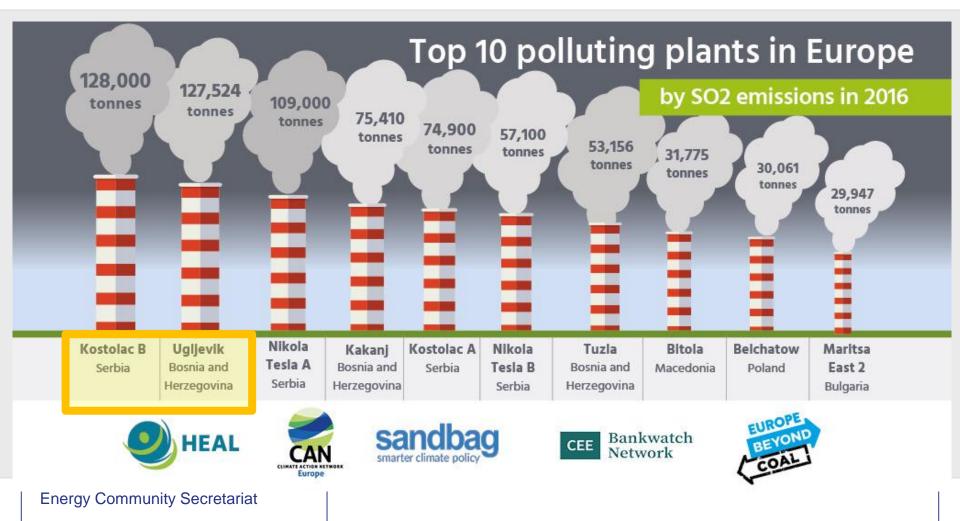




CEE Bankwatch Network









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Legal gap between EU and Energy Community CPs

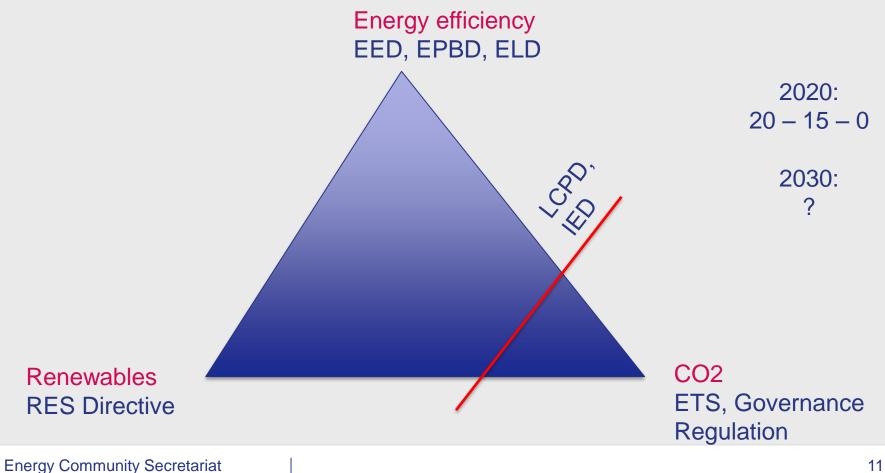


- For EU MSs Contracting Parties are <u>"third</u> <u>countries</u>", thus implementation of network codes only voluntary
- No cross border cost allocation
- SoS Regulation postponed implementation due to same non-solved interfaces
- Missing acquis: VAT Directive, State aid and Competition acquis, Governance Regulation, SoS Regulation, ETS Directive



Cases: BG ban on export of electricity 2017, CO2 leakage, state aid in planned Kosovo C and Tuzla 7 coal power plants

Challenges of policy integration – second transition



Energy Community

CARBON PRICE DEVELOPMENTS IN THE EU ETS



Source: M. Voogt, Using carbon pricing to support coal transition in the WB, 2018

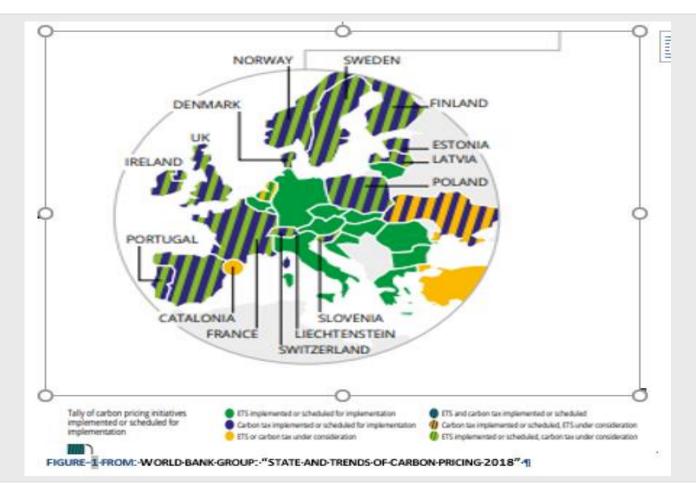
In the past years, prices on the European carbon market did not have a significant impact on new investments in the energy sector. This is changing \rightarrow new ETS regime with improved stability measures leading to higher prices level

Carbon price need to be incorporated also **in the power sector of WBs (**e.g. carbon tax or ETS)→ global climate shift is already making it difficult to attract financing or insurance for TPP with high carbon footprint. Power companies in the WBs are currently faced with this challenge (e.g. <u>Kosovo</u>, BiH, Serbia)

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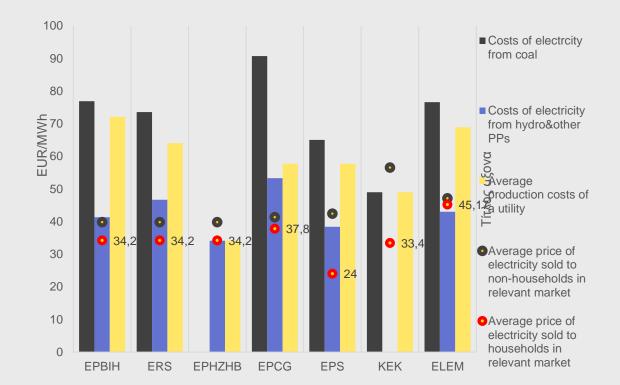
Carbon pricing





Estimated full costs of production of electricity and selling prices



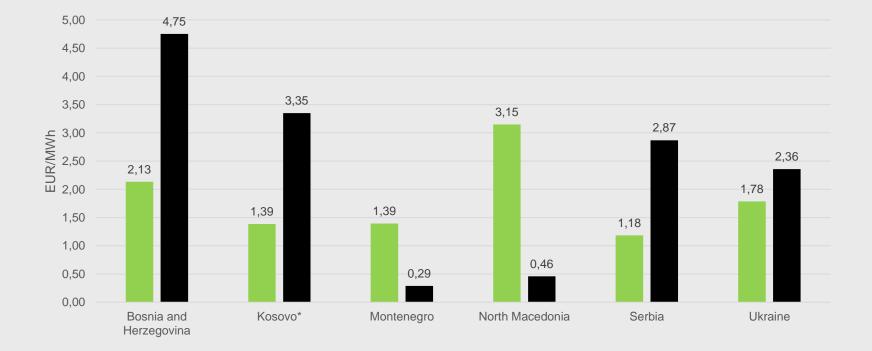




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Paid subsidies for RES and coal in the end users prices in 2017





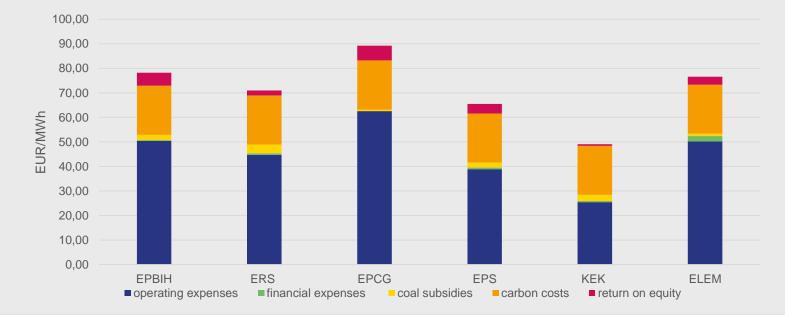
RES subsidy (surcharge)

■ paid coal subsidies

Estimated full costs of production of electricity from coal



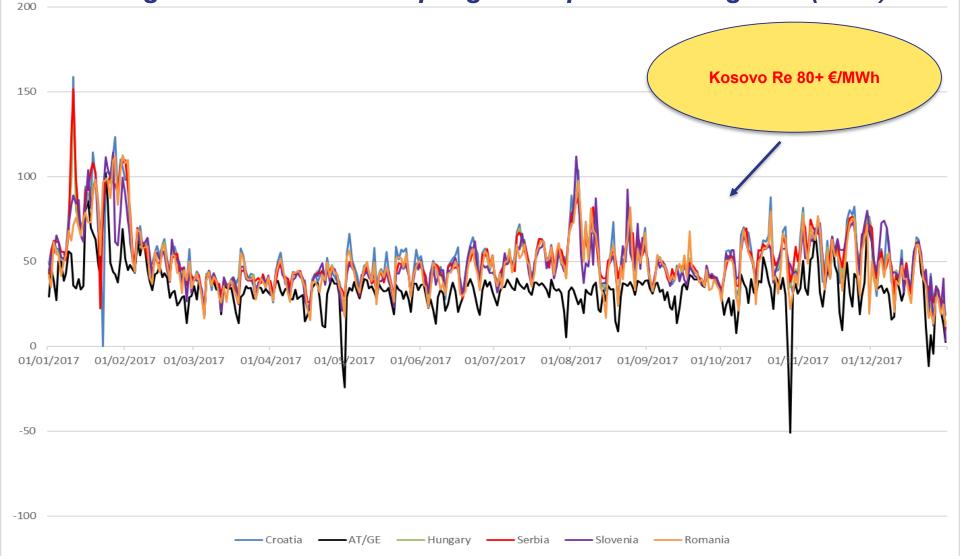
Estimated full costs of production of electricity from coal





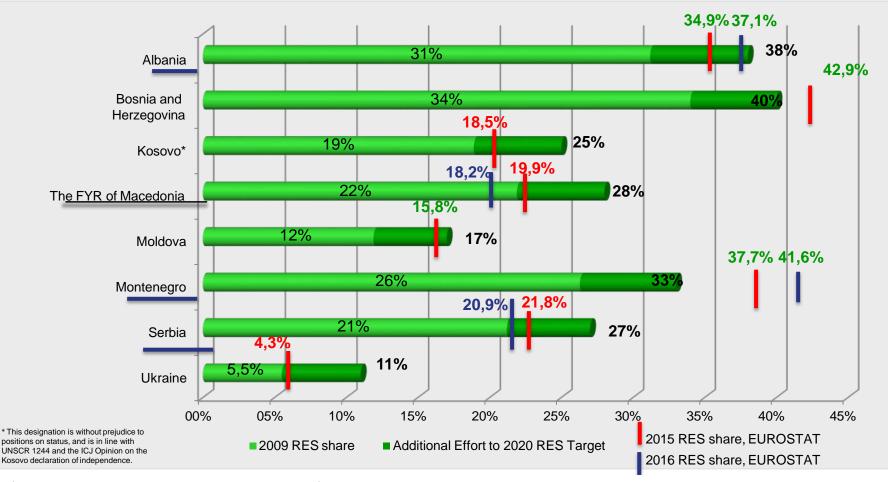
Contracting Party	Final price charged to household 2017	Production costs not covered	Adjusted final price for household	Expected price increase
	EUR/MWh	EUR/MWh	EUR/MWh	%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	86,3	26,69	112,99	31%
Montenegro	99,4	36,63	136,03	37%
North Macedonia	81,5	23,73	105,23	29%
Kosovo*	68,6	15,60	84,20	23%
Serbia	69,1	33,71	102,81	49%

Moving towards market coupling - SEE price convergence (2017)



RES target progress

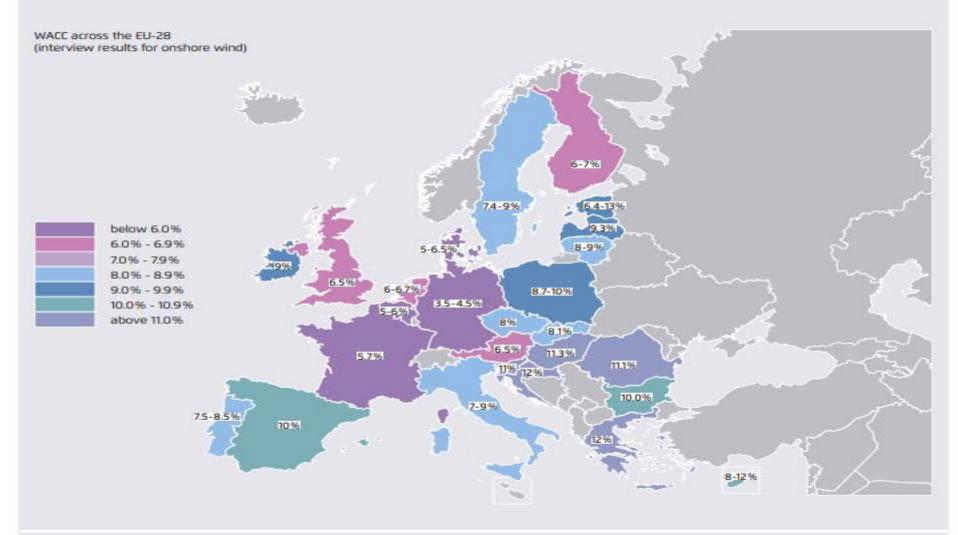






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Cost of capital estimations for onshore wind projects in Europe in 2014

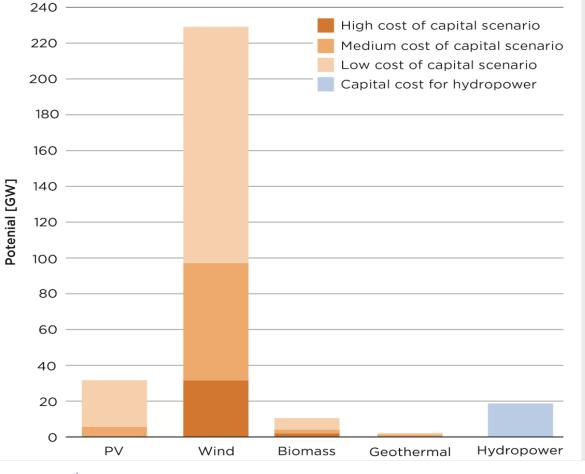


DIA-CORE (2016) "The impact of risks in renewable energy investments and the role of smart policies"

Impact of cost of capital in CESEC region



International Renewable Energy Agency





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Support for Renewable Energy in the WB6



Contrac Part	<u> </u>	PV	Wind	Biomass	Hydro	Biogas	Waste	Geoth ermal	PPA	Links
Albar	nia	10	7,6	-	5,63	-	-	-	15 yrs.	http://www.ere.gov.al/doc/Tarifate_e_mirat uara_nga_ERE_Prill Dhjetor2017.pdf; http://www.ere.gov.al/doc/VENDIM_NR.12 0_2017.pdf
BiH- F	BiH	27,2 - 15,78	17,86 - 7,1	16,1 - 11,61	14,84 - 6,33	36,37 - 14,26	-	-	12 yrs.	http://www.ferk.ba/_ba/images/stories/201 7/prilog_1_odluka_gc_bs.pdf
BIH-	FiT	15,06 - 10,3	8,45	21,53 - 11,55	7,87 - 6,36	12,28	-	-	45	http://www.reers.ba/sites/default/files/Feedl
RS	FiP	11,07 - 6,32	4,21	8,1 - 7,32	3,63 - 2,12	-	-	-	15 yrs.	nPrices_RES_290616.pdf
Kosov	vo*	13,64	8,5	7,13	6,747	-	-	-	12 yrs. except hydro 10 yrs.	<u>http://ero-</u> ks.org/2016/Vendimet/V_810_2016_eng.p <u>df</u>
FYR of Macedo	-	16 - 12	8,9	15	12 - 4,5	18	-	-	15 yrs PV, biomass, biogas; 20 yrs. – wind, hydro	http://shpp.moepp.gov.mk/Upload/Docume nt/EN/uredba-za-povlasteni-tarifi.pdf
Monten	egro	12	9,61	13,71 - 12,31	10,44 - 6,8	15	9	-	12 yrs.	http://www.oie- res.me/index.php?page=uredbe-i-pravilnici
Serb	via	14,6 - 9	9,2	13,26 - 8,22	12,6 - 7,5	18,33 - 15	8,57	8,2	12 yrs.	http://www.mre.gov.rs/doc/efikasnost- izvori/Uredba%20o%20podsticajnim%20m erama%20ENG20092016.PDF



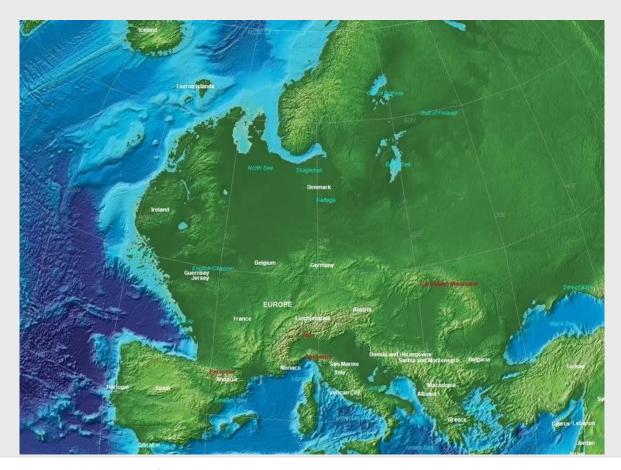
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Actions



- 1. Make electricity regional liberalize national markets
- 2. EU has to unite internal energy market with acquis area
- 3. Stop State aid to coal
- 4. Introduce carbon pricing
- 5. Introduce auctions for RES support
- 6. EU should expand its risk mitigation mechanism to EnC Contracting Parties
- 7. RULE OF LAW

Europe 16 000 BC - no one country from 3SI would have seagy community



How Earth Would Look If All The Ice Melted - too much Seas



How Earth Would Look If All The Ice Melted







Thank you for your attention!

www.energy-community.org

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