

### The Geopolitics & Geoeconomics of Energy Wars

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10th Energy Symposium:

Cyprus: Energy Hub in the Eastern Mediterranean

### **Presentation Outline**

- 1. IR System
- 2. Geopolitics
- 3. Energy wars
- 4. Geoeconomics
- 5. EU Energy Security: EU Political & Economic Failure
- 6. Turkish revisionism vs Greek Thucydidean trap
- 7. LNG: The optimal choice for Cyprus
- 8. Conclusions & Takeaways

#### International Relations (IR) System

- Transition from a Monopolar to a Multipolar / Tripolar world with hegemonic powers: US, China, Russia.
- Aspiring quasi-hegemons in the Middle East and the East Med: Turkey, Iran, Israel.
- Energy wars are the new form of geopolitical antagonism in the post-Cold War era.
- "Energy or oil wars" have been an aspect of big power politics even prior to World War 1 (Yergin, 2009, 2012).
- > The new cold war has an energy dimension. 3

### Geopolitical perspectives of IR

- Francis Fukuyama saw the "End of History" when Russian communism collapsed on 25.12.1991.
- It rather designated a new stage in "the Clash of Civilizations" (Samuel P. Huntington).
- The Russia-Ukraine war, marks a paradigm shift in IR: Part of the reconfiguring of world power.
- Aim: Geopolitical control of Eurasia & world domination.
- > The heartland-rimland theory (Mackinder-Spykman) is unfolding among the superpowers (USA and Russia).
- Confrontation between Maritime and Continental forces or the "Rimland" and the "Heartland".

#### "Heartland" vs "Rimland"



#### "Heartland" vs "Rimland"



#### Current Geopolitics: Conflict East-West Russia-Ukraine war

- The Russo-Ukr. war marks a return to classic geostrategic rivalries. A proxy war by NATO/US/UK against Russia.
- NATO expansion objective: to ensure continued US hegemony & control over Europe, after the collapse of the Soviet Union and prevent the economic incorporation of Russia into a unified Europe.
- Interview of Kissinger on 15.7.22: "Ukraine is at one level a war about the balance of power. But on another level, it has aspects of a civil war".
- > Historical British antagonism with Russia.
- > Britain's prominent role **Crimean war** (1854-1856).
- Cyprus was used by Britain as a base to protect the Ottoman Empire from Russia (1878-1914).
- > Britain used Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus to protect the road to India and contain Russia.

## Competition with the West: A key factor in Russian history: Crimean war (1854-1856)



#### **USA World View**

- By mid-1992, the USA decided that NATO expansion was a wise realpolitik measure to strengthen American hegemony. NATO enlarged from 18 members in 1991 to 30 today.
- Biden's strategy: War protraction and Russian attrition.
- US narrative: A war for democracy, human rights and Ukraine's self-determination...
- But then why was Cyprus denied self-determination and there was a plot to allow Turkey to invade to obliterate the democratic will of Cypriot people? (Sources: Mallinson, Craig & O'Malley: <u>The Cyprus Conspiracy</u>).
- > US geopolitical and economic gains, while EU loses.
- US is getting richer by selling energy at inflated prices.

#### Russian World View

- Putin judged that invading Ukraine on 24.2.2022 was a rational choice to safeguard its security with benefits>costs.
- Huge blow to Russian military prestige.
- Russia is questioning the whole system of European security.
- Putin: the West lied about no NATO expansion to the East & wants to turn Ukraine into an anti-Russian colony.
- Accession of Ukraine to NATO would mean 3rd ww.
- > Russian view: **USA** is **not** the **only superpower**.
- Russian intervention in Georgia in 2008 and in Syria in 2015.
- Russian reaction is equivalent to the American reaction at the Cuban missile crisis (October 1962).
- The **Monroe Doctrine** of 1823 warned **European powers** not to interfere in the affairs of the **Western Hemisphere**.
- Consider an equivalent retaliation: The US would never accept a military alliance of Mexico with Russia or China on the US border.





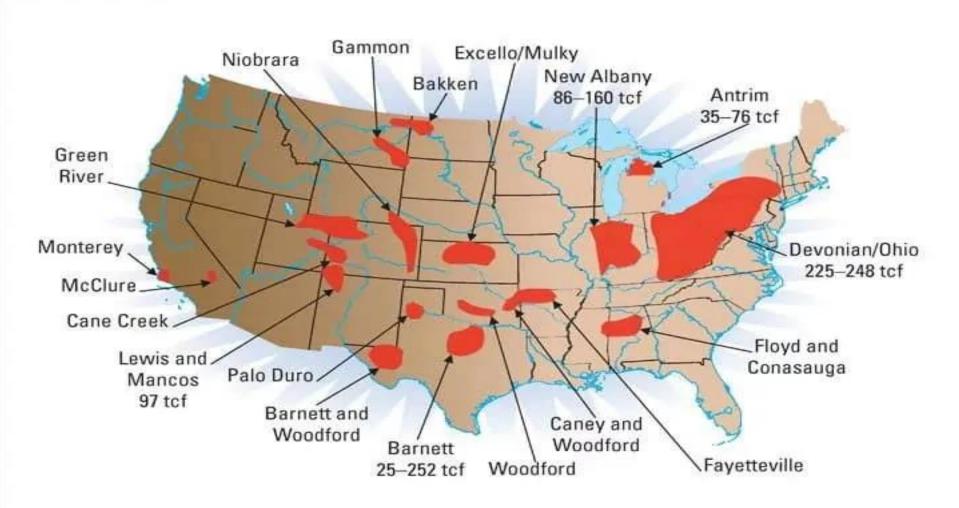






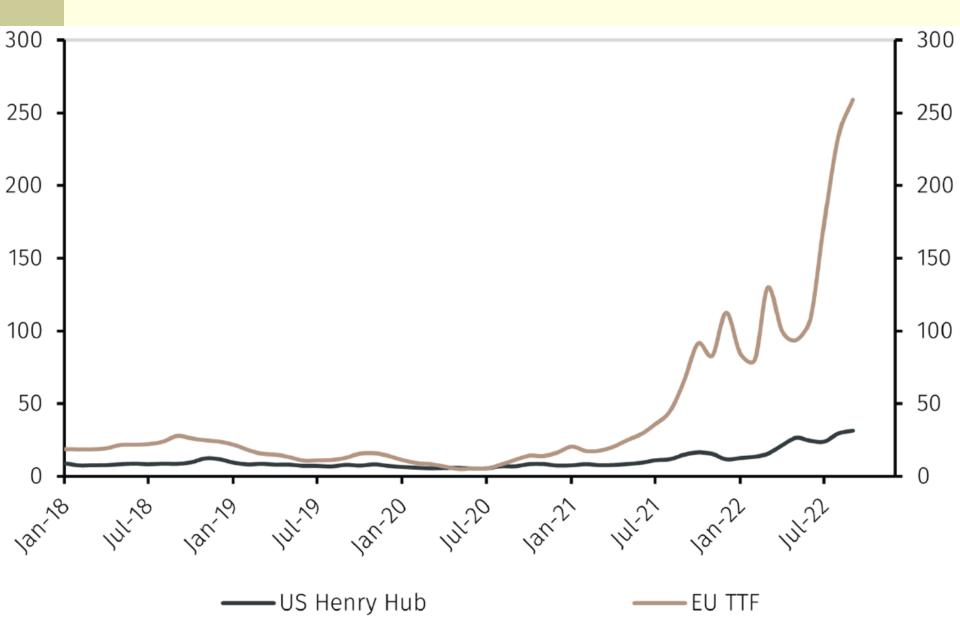
- > R-U war has highlighted the role of energy in geopolitics.
- > A chaotic gas war between US/Europe vs Russia.
- Michael Reagan advice to President Obama of how Ronald Reagan defeated the Soviet Union without firing a shot (6.3.14).
- "He used a super weapon oil, the only thing the Soviets had for sale in the 1980s. Reagan got the Saudis to flood the market with cheap oil".
- "Lower oil prices devalued the ruble, causing the USSR to go bankrupt, which led to perestroika and Mikhail Gorbachev (1985-1991) and the collapse of the Soviet Empire".
- Saudi Arabia abandoned its role as swing producer & created the huge oil glut of 1980s: in 1986 oil price fell from \$27 to ≈ \$7 per barrel.
- Reagan's son Michael recommended a strategy against Putin: Apply the Reagan rule: "Put the economic screws to Mother Russia and bankrupt her to lay off Ukraine".
- Who sabotaged Nord Stream 1 and 2?

#### US: biggest NG producer followed by Russia, Iran, Qatar, China, Canada US shale gas plays



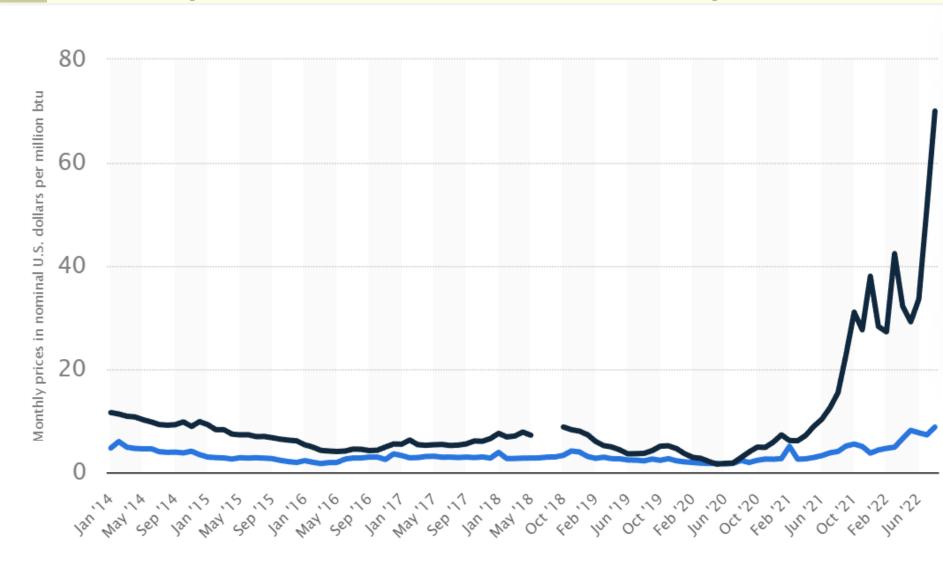
#### Natural gas prices in US & EU (€/MWh)

Source: Refinitiv and EFGAM calculations. Monthly average data as at 30.8.2022



## NG Monthly prices for natural gas in US & EU (\$/MMBtu) Jan.2014-Aug. 2022

Source: https://www.statista.com/statistics/673333/states-and-europe/ as at 29.9.2022



# Geoeconomics War consequences

- The Cold War was never an ideological conflict between capitalism vs communism but about economic dominance & control of resources.
- An extreme economic war with sanctions entailing economic, social & political tensions & Reversal of globalization.
- > Both the West & Russia use energy as a weapon.
- Uncertainty, instability & Speculation: Market mechanisms do not work: Price explosions, Greedflation.
- Supply chain disruptions & shortages of inputs, food & energy Products.
- European economy recession. Rising interest rates.
- > Rise in NPLs & cost of repaying state & private debt.
- Upset labour markets: Risk of wage-price spirals.
- > OECD (27.9.22): **Gas** to rise in 2023 by **50%**, Oil by **10%**.
- The energy & economic crises may morph into a fiscal and debt crisis as happened with the financial crisis of 2008.



# EU Political & Economic Failures Poor leadership



- Failure, diplomatic and political to prevent or stop the war in Ukraine.
- A huge "shock" after covid, with many short-, medium-, & long-term effects on global politics and the world economy.
- Energy security is the uninterrupted availability of energy sources at an affordable price (IEA). It implies economic & national security.
- > Failure to end huge speculation and distorted energy prices.
- > EU has less welfare, lower security, higher instability.
- > European citizens directly & indirectly finance the war in Ukraine.
- > Living standards receding for years and poverty rising.
- The green transition agenda has unrealistic time targets. The energy mix cannot adjust so fast irrespective of S&D & technology.
- Failure of EU elites to deal with the 2008 financial crisis that led to the economic & debt crises, MoUs & Cyprus bail-in.
  - Proof of failure: Euro-dollar exchange rate €1<1\$.

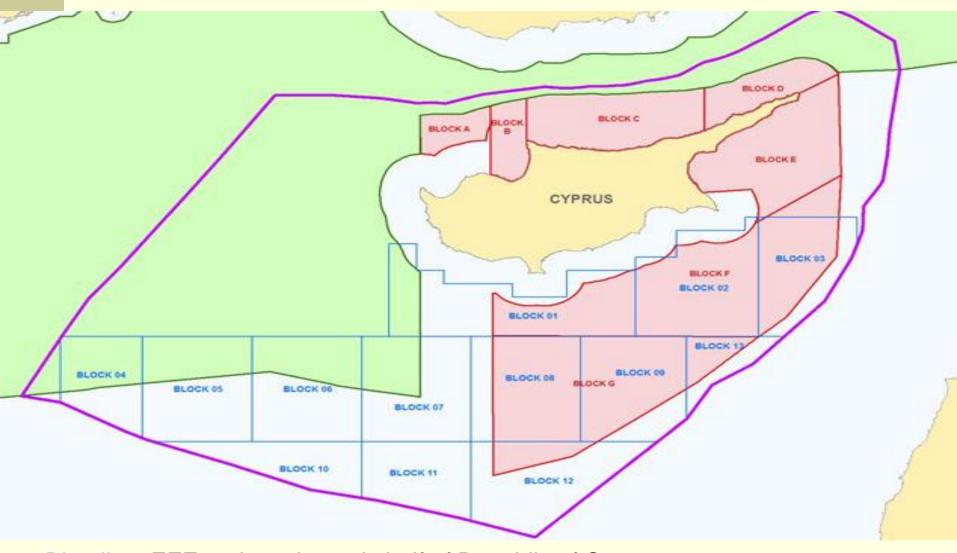
### Turkish revisionism & energy goals

- Russian invasion of Ukraine like the Turkish invasion of Cyprus violates international law & UN Charter.
- Gunboat diplomacy, violating the Cyprus EEZ since 2018.
- Turkey believes it is a Eurasiatic power and aims at joining the superpower league & acquire nuclear weapons
- "Blue Motherland / Mavi Vatan" policy.
- Turkey's revisionism in the Aegean, the East Med & the Middle East has far wider implications than just the permanent control of Cyprus & the grabbing of Cypriot & Greek EEZs.
- Turkey persistently refuses to recognize that the **islands** are entitled to a **continental shelf-EEZ**, stipulated by **UNCLOS**.
- Turkey's goal is strategic control of energy supplies to Europe from Russia, the Caspian region, the ME & the East Med by becoming a major energy transit & trading hub.

## Turkish-Libyan MoU Mavi Vatan / Patrie Bleue / Blue Fatherland



#### Illegal Turkish Claims on Cyprus EEZ



- Blue line: EEZ and continental shelf of Republic of Cyprus.
- > Green: Turkish claims on East Med continental shelf.
- Red: Blocks illegally claimed by the 'TRNC'.

#### **Greek EEZ based on UNCLOS**



## Thucydidean trap of Hellenism Survival strategy for Greece

- Greece is in a Thucydidean trap set up by a revisionist Turkey, as depicted in the Melian dialogue.
- Greece must build a domestic military industry, incl. plans to acquire nuclear weapons.
- This will not only counter the Turkish threat but will also help its ailing economy.
- It needs a new more viable economic model.
- It must delineate its EEZ with Cyprus.
- It must proceed fast with an energy exploration and production program, incl. East of Crete.
- When strong extend the territorial waters to 12 Nt miles.
- ➢ If not, the Turks will keep grabbing Greek sovereign rights in land, sea & air & occupy Aegean islands if disarmed . <sup>21</sup>

### Survival strategy for Cyprus Cyprus Energy Future: LNG!!!

- The best monetization option for Cyprus natural gas is LNG.
- The construction of a land-based LNG Plant has always been the best choice.
- Lack of vision and planning caused harmful delays in the exploration and production program.
- > Politicians set the agenda not the technocrats.
- Misguided politicians have toyed with the idea of a pipeline to Turkey in return for a tolerable solution of the Cyprus problem, not realizing Turkey wants everything in return for nothing.<sup>22</sup>

#### **Cyprus LNG PLANT: The Optimal Option**

I have been supporting the LNG Plant as the best option for Cyprus for years. My papers were read by thousands of technocrats & academics.

A recent citation in Slovak political science Journal.



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#### MEDITERRANEAN POLICY NOTE

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CYPRUS, GREECE AND TURKEY IN THE CONTEXT OF THE ENERGY COMPETITION IN THE EAST MED AND THE MIDDLE EAST

Panayiotis Tilliros Slovak Journal of Political Sciences, Volume 22, No. 1, 2022



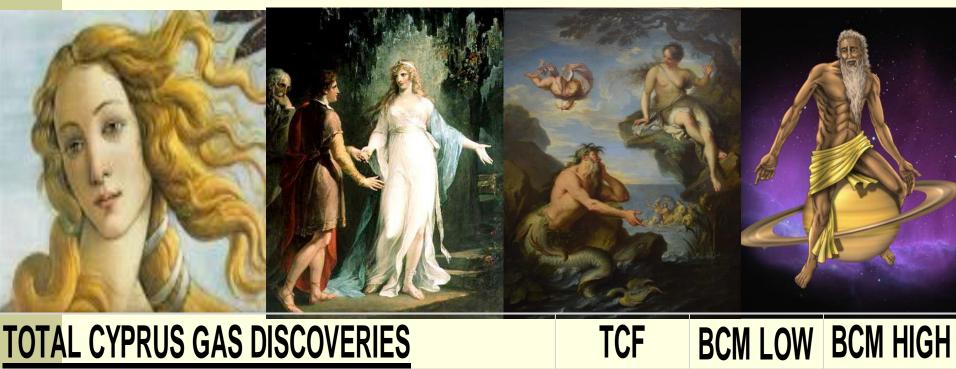
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EUROPEAN UNION ENERGY SECURITY: CONSTRUCTING A "SHELTER" FOR SMALL STATES' ENERGY SECURITY PRESERVATION<sup>1</sup>

Javad Keypour<sup>2</sup>

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#### **Cyprus Gas Discoveries**



TOTAL CYPRUS GAS DISCOVERIES		
Block	12:	Aphrodite (2011): 4.5 tcf = 127 BCM

**TOTAL GAS-IN-PLACE** 

4,5

127,4

127,4 226,4

226,4

70,8

651

Block 6: Calypso (2018): 6-8 tcf = 170-226 BCM

6-8

5-8

Block 10: Glaucus-1 (2019): 5-8 tcf = 142-226 BCM Block 6: Cronos-1 (2022): 2.5 tcf = 71 BCM

169,8 2,5

18-23

141,5 70,8

509

# LNG & LNG Plant: The optimal choice for Cyprus (1)

- The **onshore LNG Plant** has **always** been the **best choice**, but **Cyprus has to rush** (3 trains of 5 MTPA LNG=20 BCM/y).
- A faster medium-term solution would be the use of an FLNG Vessel/Platform at Vassilikos for liquefaction & shipping anywhere in the world.
- Energean's proposal to export natural gas from the company's gas-fields in Israel to Cyprus for liquefaction and export to Europe should be considered seriously.
- Cyprus should also bring its Calypso, Cronos, Glaucus & future reserves to Vassilikos for liquefaction.
- LNG is in the best interests of Greece too: Greek LNG Tankers can transport LNG to the Alexandroupolis FSRU for regasification & export to Europe via the Gas Interconnector Greece-Bulgaria (IGB) & Trans-Adriatic Gas Pipeline (TAP).

#### Turning both Cyprus & Greece into Regional Energy Hubs LNG transport from Cyprus to Greece Not losing the endgame to Turkey



## The Hilli Episeyo FLNG available as of 2026 Production capacity: 2.4 MTPA of LNG = 3.4 BCM/Y



## LNG & LNG Plant: The optimal choice for Cyprus (2)

- LNG is the optimal monetization option for Cyprus in all dimensions, social, economic, and financial.
- > Economies of scale, Synergies, Multiplier effects in economy.
- Cyprus can become a regional gas trading hub in East Med.
- Cyprus shall attract the reserves of neighboring countries too (Israel, Lebanon, Syria).
- Cyprus will be the Centrepoint of an alternative energy corridor to enhance European energy security.
- Cyprus will link its interests to wider interests besides the EU.
- It will create a local security sub-system & offer maximal geopolitical leverage and effective deterrence to Cyprus.
- It will render Cyprus strong politically and economically.
- LNG is literally the only energy weapon or trump card that can help Cyprus achieve a tolerable solution wrt Turkey.

#### LNG in Cyprus for Europe & RoW

- LNG has the characteristics of oil and therefore offers market choice flexibility and better prices.
- LNG use as a fuel in road (heavy truck traffic) and maritime traffic has been rising rapidly, & it is gradually entering railroad traffic too.
- > LNG bunkering for fuel supply to ships.
- Europe rushes to build new LNG import terminals as they try to substitute Russian oil and gas.
- LNG demand is growing as the world turns towards cleaner & greener fuels. Asian countries replace coal with LNG.
- Global energy demand is expected to grow by 30% between 2015 and 2040 & remain high at least till 2050 according to IEA).
- LNG demand to increase 3.4% per year till 2035. Gas will be the fastest-growing fossil fuel (McKinsey).

### **Conclusions - Takeaways (1)**

- New Cold War antagonism between the US & Russia with a strong energy dimension.
- The Turkish threat is a constant. Turkish deep state drives the agenda against Hellenism and not Erdogan.
- Greece must do its utmost to reconstitute fast the balance of power and exit from the Thucydidean trap of a revisionist Turkey.
- Turkey badly strives to become an energy hub and replace Russia for Europe's energy supplies.
- A pipeline via Turkey will complete Turkish suzerainty and hegemony over Cyprus.
- The East Med pipeline has never been a viable project technically, financially or geopolitically, nor in Cyprus's interests.
- Pipelines entail long-term, decades-long commitment and render the exporter hostage to both the importer and the transit state.

#### **Conclusions - Takeaways (2)**

- > LNG is winning over pipeline routes.
- > LNG will claim a much larger share of the European, regional & world gas market.
- Fossil fuels even as a bridge fuel will remain important at least till 2050.
- Cyprus can become a Regional Energy Service Center and a Gas Trading Hub with LNG.
- ➤ The <u>onshore LNG Plant</u> at Vassilikos remains the best option for Cyprus: It is a <u>game-changer</u>.
- Start and Go fast with FLNG.
- A shared vision and regional cooperation within EMGF shall lead to win-win outcomes.

#### Presentation by Panayiotis Tilliros

- 1. Economist, International Relations Analyst / Expert in Economic and Energy Security Issues (Economic, Financial and Geopolitical Aspects).
- 2. Research Associate at the Cyprus Center for European and International Affairs which is affiliated with the University of Nicosia.

#### **University Titles**

- 1. B.Sc. degree in Economics (Govern.), London School of Economics, UK.
- M.Sc. degree in Comparative Government, LSE, UK.
- 3. Postgraduate Diploma in Economics (Distinction), UCL, UK.
- 4. M.Sc. degree in Monetary and Financial Economics, University of Cyprus.
- 5. MA degree in International Relations and European Studies with a concentration on energy security issues (oil and gas) (Summa Cum Laude), University of Nicosia.
- Doctoral candidate.

#### **Contact Details:**

Ministry of Finance, 1439, Nicosia – Cyprus,

website: https://www.linkedin.com/in/panayiotis-tilliros-7b817029/

E-mail: <a href="mailto:ptilliros@gmail.com">ptilliros@gmail.com</a>, <a href="mailto:ptilliros@gmail.com">ptilliros@gmailto:ptilliros@gmail.com</a>, <a href="mailto:ptilliros@gmai

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# Thanks for attention