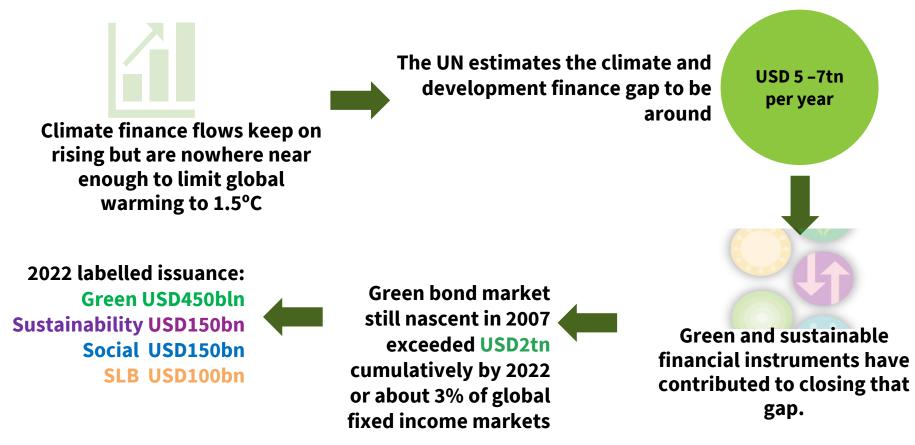
Climate Bonds

Green Financing Opportunities Conference

The Climate Bonds Standard and Certification Scheme

Athens 5 April 2023

Status quo of climate and sustainable investments





However, the speed and scale of climate investment is lagging. Action is needed across the broader economy in every industry, and finance will particularly need to support **rapid change in high-emitting sectors**.

The Climate Bonds Standard and certification scheme: Developed in 2012 with key market players. Composed of two pillars



Climate Bonds Standard details the management and reporting process.



Evidence-based sector criteria ensures consistency with the Paris agreement.

Fully aligned with ICMA's Green Bond Principles and Green Loan Principles. Requirements for certification:

- **1) Internal procedures** and financial controls inside the bond issuer.
- 2) **Reporting arrangements** which have been set up by the issuer.
- **3) Eligibility** of projects & assets.
- 4) Independent Assurance verification by a Climate Bonds Approved Verifier

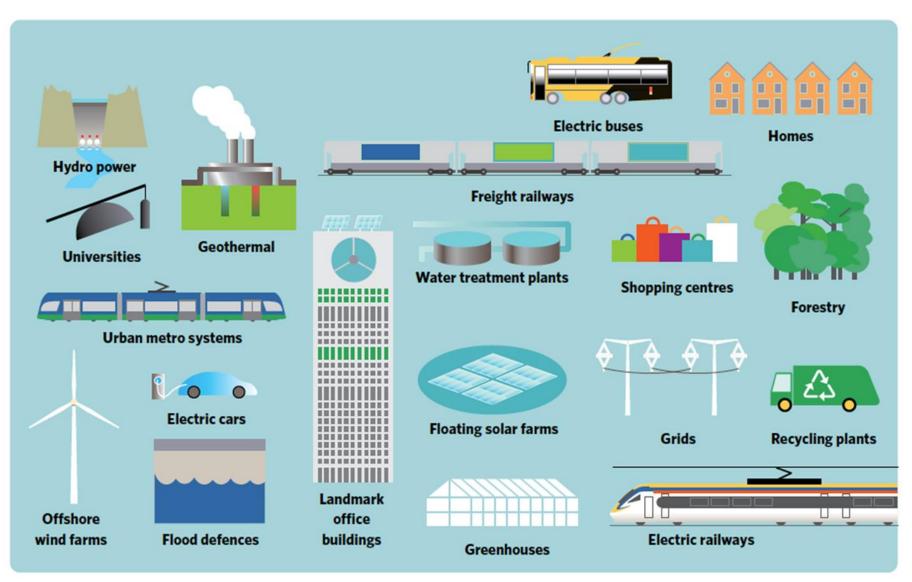
- Sector criteria have been developed by Technical Working Groups (TWGs) and Industry Working Groups (IWGs) made up of experts in those fields.
- New criteria developments are approved by the independent Climate Bonds Standard Board







Examples of eligible assets for certification



Benefits of Certification

- A globally recognised symbol of best practice in green finance
- Robust Framework promoting highest standards of climate integrity
- Scheme transparency supports investor due diligence
- Network of Approved Verifiers provide reliable and consistent external review
- A tool to fight greenwashing
- Endorsement of the green credentials of the assets/projects
- Higher demand for Certified Bonds and potential price benefits to issuer



Enhanced reputation benefits for Issuers, Asset Owners and Companies

Certification Process and Verification

The process involves:

- 1. Issuer to prepare Green Finance Framework
- 2. Issuer engages an Approved Verifier
- 3. Verifier conducts the engagement in accordance with an International Assurance Standard (ISAE3000 or equivalent): Limited or Reasonable.
- 4. In a Use of Proceeds Certification, Verifier is usually engaged in two stages:

Pre-issuance verification is focused on the eligibility of the projects and assets under the Sector Eligibility Criteria and the readiness of the issuer to meet the requirements of the Standard

Post-issuance verification focuses on assessing whether the proceeds of the instruments have been fully allocated to eligible projects and assets. This is usually completed within 24 months after issuance.

December 2019, Version 3.0 https://www.climatebonds.net/climate-bonds-standard-v3





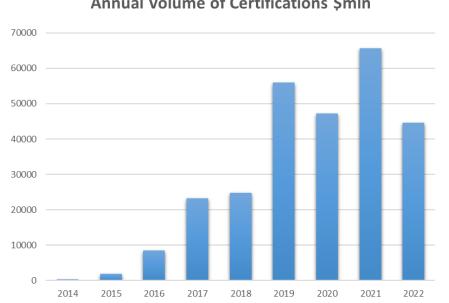




Programmatic Certification for multiple green issuance

First instrument Stage 1: Submit all Stage 2: 12 months Pre-issuance four documents certification after engaging verifier to under programmatic produce post-issuance approved report annually until agreement ₩ maturity of bond Ì, 1. Pre-issuance 2. Green bond verifier report framework 1 **Post-issuance report** 3. Climate bond 4. Agreement information form Second, third **Stage 1:** Submit just **Pre-issuance** Stage 2: Verifier and sequential one document per bond certification to confirm ongoing compliance with instruments approved Certification Standard under 1 programmatic certification ău ău ău 1. Climate bond **Post-issuance report** information form

CERTIFICATION METRICS

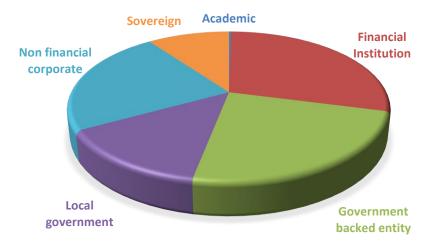


Annual Volume of Certifications \$mln

\$270bln Cumulative Certified Bond Issuance

- Certified Bonds amount to 12% of CBI labelled Green Bonds
- **3 certified issuances in Greece (Terna,** Ellaktor) total of Euro820m

TOTAL CERTIFIED ISSUANCE



Examples of Certified UoP Instruments:

- Municipal bonds
- **Bilateral Loans, Syndications** ۲
- **Project bonds**
- Securitisation bonds
- **Unsecured bonds**
- **Green Deposits**
- **Commercial Paper**

The Climate Bonds Standard is expanding





* Certified Entities and SLD issuers must be legal entities; Sovereigns and Financial Institutions are excluded under v4



Use of broce ets debt Utilities debt					Use of Broce eds deby United to Hinkey deby				
Use of proceeds deby	Ali Cy lin	ted deb	×		Use of Assets Stainad	ity in	ted deb	×	
					LAND USE & MARINE RESOURCES				
Solar	9	9	0		Crop production	9	9		¢
Wind	9	۲	9	9	Livestock production	0	۲	•	(
Geothermal	9	۲			Commodity supply chains	0	0	•	¢
Hydropower	9	۲	9	9	Commercial forestry	0	۲		
Marine renewables	9	۲	0	1	Ecosystem conservation & restoration	0	۲		
Electric grids & storage	9	۲	۲						
Mixed energy (utilities)		0	۲	۲	Cement production	9	9	9	
Bioenergy					Steel production	0	۲	9	
Nuclear					Basic chemicals production	٢	۲	9	
TRANSPORT					Specialist & intermediate chemicals		•	•	(
Public passenger transport	9	٢	9	9	Hydrogen production, storage & transport	9	9	9	4
Private transport	9	۲	9	9	Critical raw materials		•		(
Freight rail	9	۲	9	9	Carbon capture storage	•	۲		(
Water-borne	9	٢	0	۲	WASTE				
Biofuels for transport	9	۲			Preparation				
Aviation					Reuse	6			
					Recycling	6	ø	ø	
Water monitoring					Biological treatment	ø		Ğ	
Water storage	ø	ø			Waste to energy	ø	ø	-	
Water treatment	ø	ø			Landfill	ø	ø		
Water distribution	ø	ø			ICT	-	-		-
Water desalination	ø	Ø	9	9					
Flood defence	Ø	ø	-	-					
Nature-based solutions	9	٢							
BUILDINGS									
Residential									
Commercial	-					~			
		1.5							
Products & systems for efficiency							lim ond		\$

Climate Bonds

Different Certification criteria for [UoP instruments and Assets] vs [Entities and Sustainability-Linked Debt]

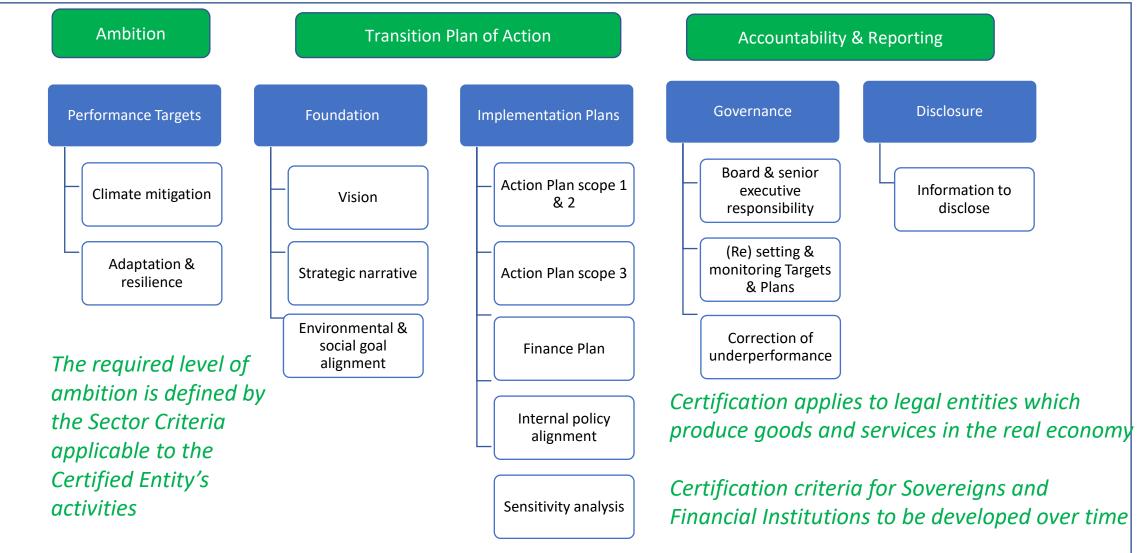
Sector coverage will be gradually expanded over time

Certain Sectors are already near zero and do not require Performance Targets and Transition Plans (eg Solar, Wind)

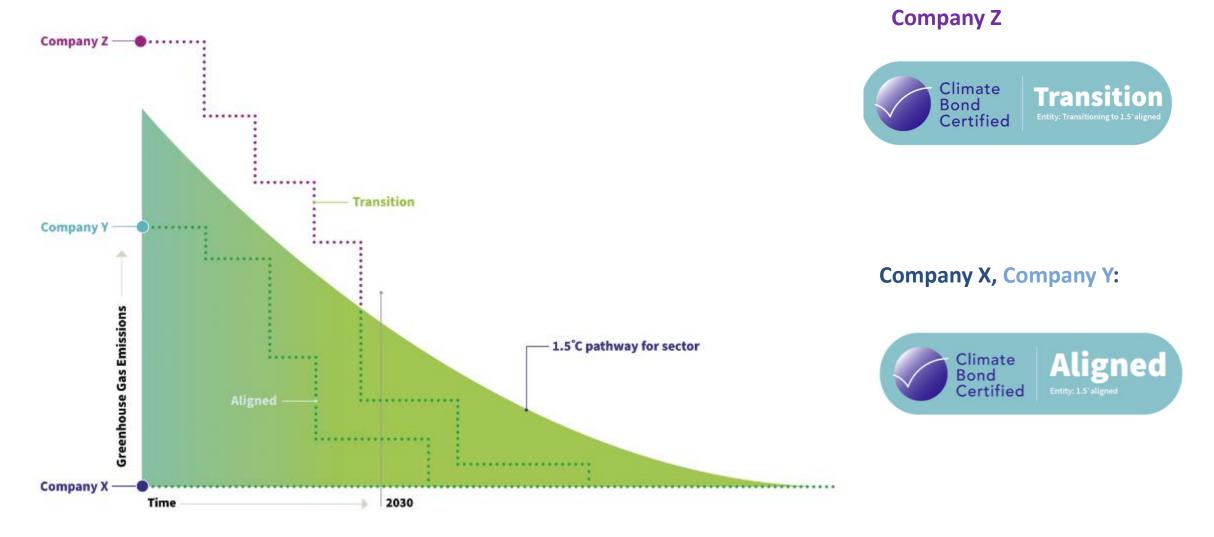


Entity and SLB Certification

Certification requirements on the Certified Entity



Two levels of Certification are available for Entities and SLBs under the Climate Bonds Standard v4 – Launch date 13th April 2023



Climate Bonds