



14TH SE Europe Energy Dialogue

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**Energy Transition, Decarbonisation strategies and RES
investments in Türkiye**

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2015

196 countries adopted the historic Paris Agreement to reduce global warming and build resilience to climate change. Its overall goal: limit warming to no more than 1.5 degrees Celsius.



2050

The transition to net-zero emissions must be fully complete.

By What Year Have Countries Pledged to Reach Net-Zero Emissions?

Already Achieved

2030

2035

2040

2045

2050

Bhutan

Barbados

Maldives

Mauritania

Finland

Austria

Iceland

Germany

Sweden

Nepal

Andorra

Argentina

Australia

Brazil

Bulgaria

Canada

Cape Verde

Chile

Colombia

Costa Rica

Cyprus

Denmark

Dominican Republic

European Union

Fiji

France

Hungary

Ireland

Israel

Italy

Jamaica

Japan

Laos

Latvia

Liberia

Lithuania

Luxembourg

Malawi

Malta

Marshall Islands

Monaco

Montenegro

Nauru

New Zealand

Panama

Portugal

Rwanda

Seychelles

Solomon Islands

Slovakia

Slovenia

South Korea

Spain

Switzerland

UAE

United Kingdom

United States

Uruguay

Vatican

Vietnam

2053

Turkey

2060

Bahrain

China

Kazakhstan

Nigeria

Russia

Saudi Arabia

Sri Lanka

Ukraine

2070

India

Mauritius

2nd half of
21st century

Malaysia

Namibia

Singapore

Thailand

Several design choices impact the rigor of these targets.

Read our paper *Designing and Communicating Net-Zero Targets*

Net-zero target set in law or policy

Political pledge to reach net zero

11.15.21

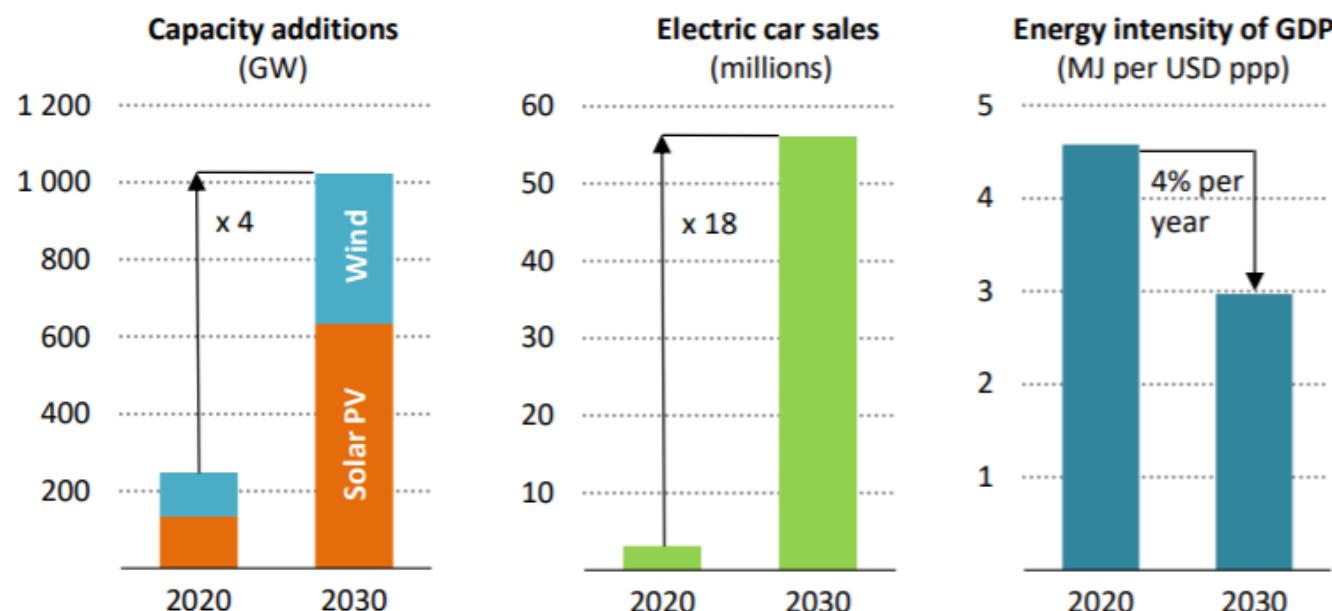
[https://www.eqmagpro.com/how-national-netzero-targets-stack-up-after-the-cop26-climate-summit-eq-mag-pro/](https://www.eqmagpro.com/how-national-net-zero-targets-stack-up-after-the-cop26-climate-summit-eq-mag-pro/)



WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE

For Net Zero up to 2030

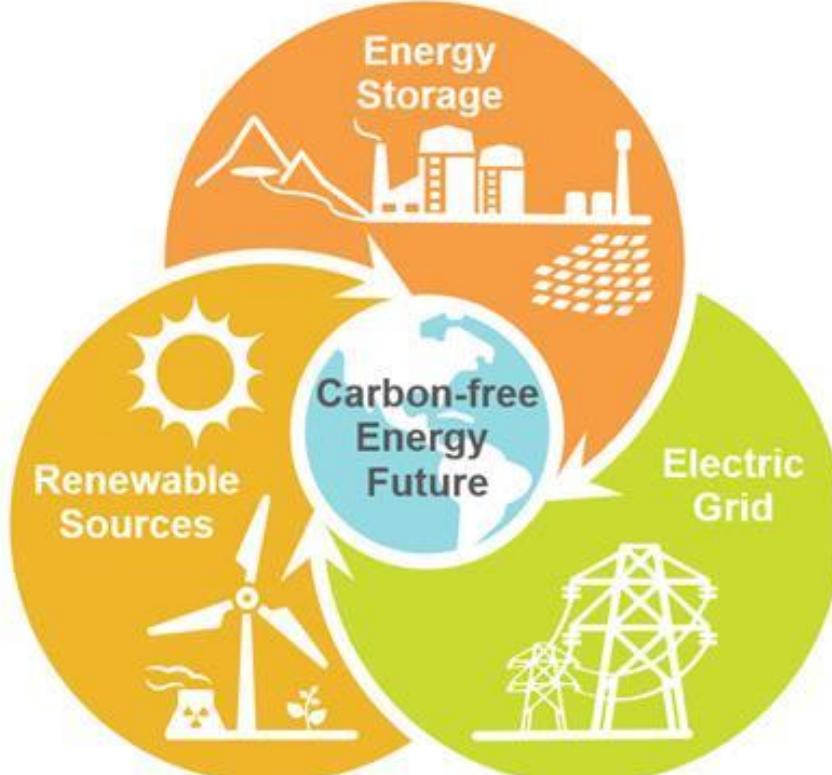
Key clean technologies ramp up by 2030 in the net zero pathway



Note: MJ = megajoules; GDP = gross domestic product in purchasing power parity.

- RES will be x4,
- Electric vehicles will be 60% (x18)
- Energy intensity 4% less (IEA, 2021).

Carbon-free Energy Future



- The electric grid will be supported by generation from sustainable, low-carbon energy sources
- Share of renewable Energy will increase
- Energy storage at different scales for reliable power supply, grid security, and cost reduction will increase

World: Situation



Power Generation Capacity in Turkey

**Turkey- Total
Installed Capacity**

104.496 MWm

**Turkey- Total
RES(Wind+Solar+Hyd-
ro+Jeo) Capacity**

54. 92 GWm

(2023/April)

Source	Total Installed Capacity (%)	Capacity-GW
Coal	20,9	21,945
NG	24,3	25,515
Hydro	30,2	31,71
Wind	11	11,55
Solar	9,5	9,975
Jeotermal	1,6	1,68
Others	2,5	2,625
TOTAL RES	52,3	54,915

5 July 2022 , New legislation on ESS

- 1- Solar and wind farms production licence will given only by integrated with ESS.
- 2- The current licenced solar and wind plants can be increased their licence capacity by adding ESS.



Legislation for RES + Storage in Turkey

Wind:
20MW min.
250 MW max.

Min. : 20 MW



20MW : 20 MWh



Solar
10MW min.
250 MW max.

Min. : 10 MW



10MW : 10 MWh



Situation after the Legislation on RES+ESS

1. Connectible capacity (GW): 30 GW
2. Applications : 240 GW
3. Wind farms: 60%
4. Solar Farms: 40%
5. Given, Pre-liscence: 13GW
6. Under evaluation: 24GW



Results: 13 GW pre-liscence given for Wind and Solar +Storage(>15GWh)

Activities for Energy Transition in Turkey



1. RES + ESS
 - PV production (7,5 GW)
 - Wind Turbine components production
2. EV
3. EV Charge Station
4. Battery
5. Hydro PP
6. Nuclear (4800 MW)
7. NG PP
8. Coal





THANK YOU