

THE PERSPECTIVE OF ENERGY STORAGE IN THE ENERGY COMMUNITY CONTRACTING **PARTIES Davor Bajs** IENE Online Webinar The Role of Energy Storage in Advancing Large Scale RES Penetration 27th April 2021



THE ENERGY COMMUNITY

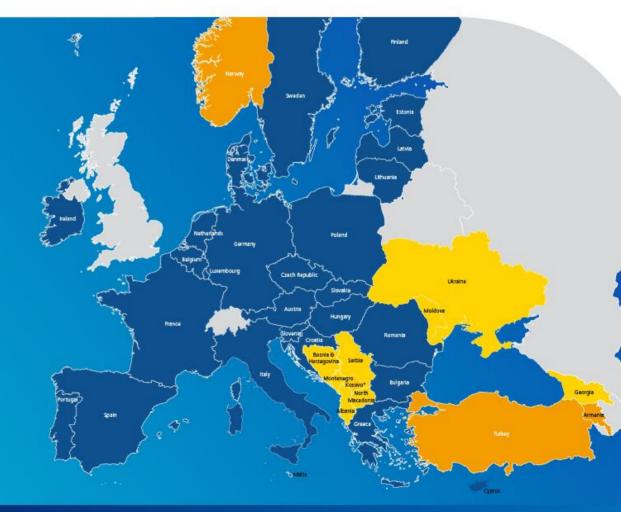
- International organization established in 2005 by the Treaty establishing the Energy Community;
- Extends the EU internal energy market to South East Europe and beyond to create a sustainable pan-European Energy Market;
- Instrument to assist countries in the EU's neighbourhood to reform their energy markets in line with EU law and principles;

GOALS

- Establish a stable regulatory and market framework capable of attracting investment in power generation and networks;
- Create an integrated energy market allowing for crossborder energy trade and integration with the EU market;
- Enhance the security of supply to ensure stable and continuous energy supply that is essential for economic development and social stability;
- Improve the environmental situation in relation with energy supply in the region and foster the use of renewable energy and energy efficiency;
- Develop competition at regional level and exploit economies of scale

OUR MEMBERS

- Contracting Parties
- European Union
- Observers



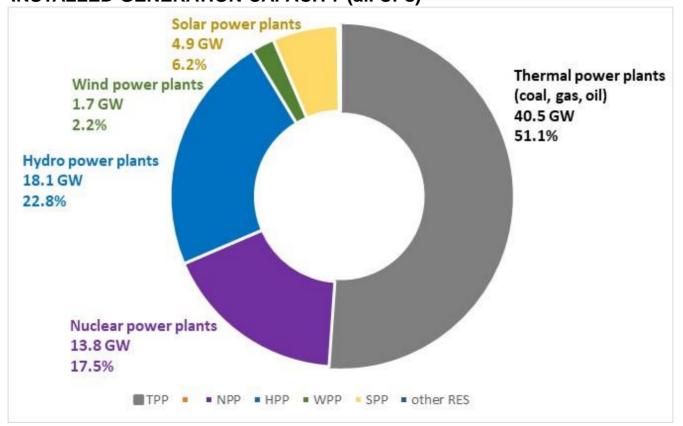






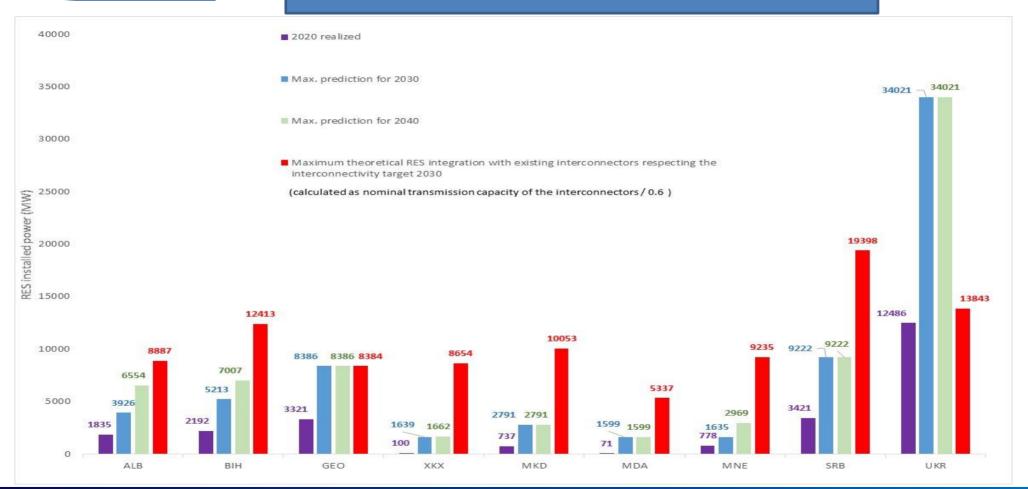
GENERATION MIX (EnC CONTRACTING PARTIES)

INSTALLED GENERATION CAPACITY (all CPs)





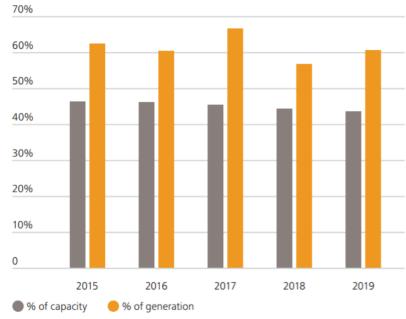
RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES IN THE EnC CPs





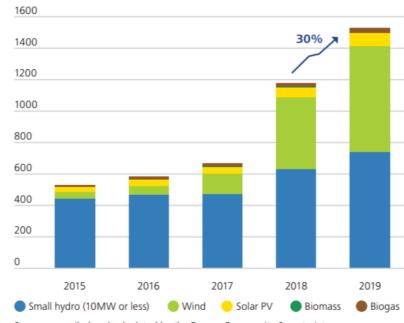
GENERATION MIX (WB6 COUNTRIES)

Share of coal-based capacity/production in total WB6 capacity/production (%)



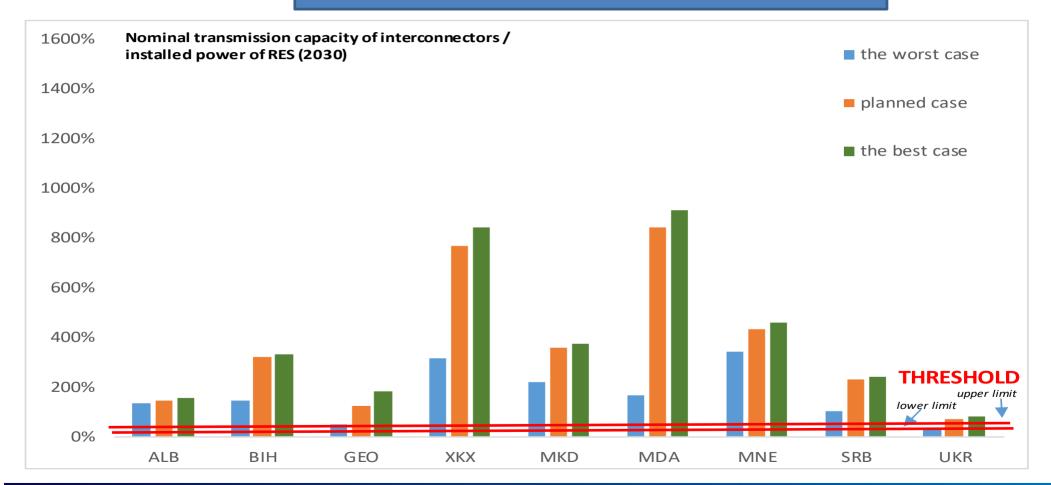
Source: compiled and calculated by the Energy Community Secretariat.

Installed electricity generation capacities from RES (excl. large hydro) (MW)





COMPLIENCE WITH THE INTERCONNECTIVITY TARGETS 2030





INTRODUCING CARBON PRICING

Indicative timeline and steps for joining EU ETS

Stage 1 & 2

- · EnC acquis updated
- · MRV system is in place
- Allocation of allowances defined according to EU ETS practice
- Consider adjusting excise taxes on fuels

2021-2025

2025

AL: 100% MK, ME: 30% BA, RS: 25% XK: 15%

Stage 3

- Most fundamental preconditions are met
- Bilateral cross-border trade of allowances is possible within the WB6 and with the EU

2025-2030

2030

AL: 100% MK, ME: 60% BA, RS: 30% XK: 35%

Stage 4

- Cross-border trading and with EU MS
- Transfers of auction payment revenues to the WB6 to be defined
- All preconditions apply

2030-2035

2035

AL: 100% MK, ME: 85% BA, RS: 75% XK: 65%

Stage 5

- WB6 adhere fully to the EU ETS
- No free allowances except if else specified in the transitory regimes approved

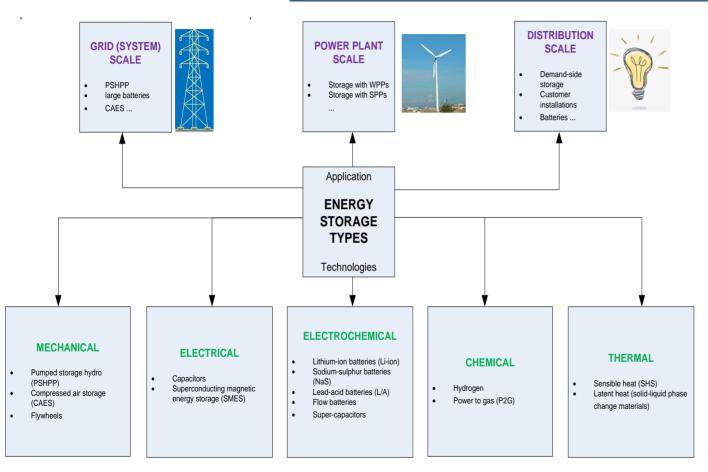
2035-2040

2040

AL: 100% MK, ME: 100% BA, RS: 100% XK: 85%



THE ROLE OF ENERGY STORAGE IN THE EnC CONTRACTING PARTIES



Today:

Grid scale - PSHPPs (Serbia, BiH)
Power plant scale - N/A
Distribution scale - minor

New projects:

PSHPPs (Serbia, N. Macedonia) Batteries (Kosovo, Ukraine)

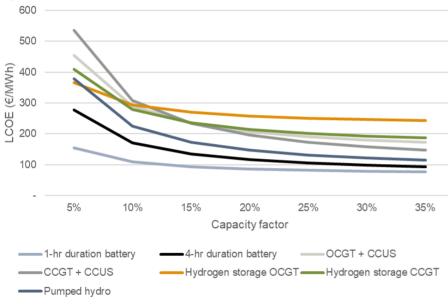
Power system flexibility needs:

- Gas fired power plants, HPPs
- Energy storage
 - PSHPPs
 - Batteries
 - Hydrogen

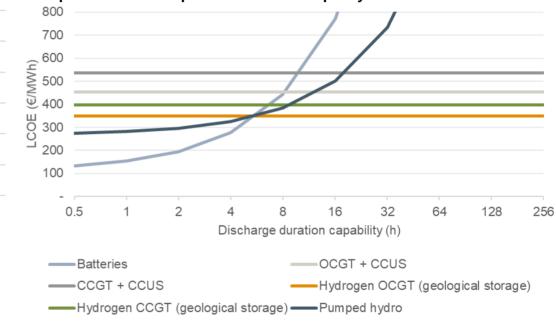


THE ROLE OF ENERGY STORAGE (Hydrogen)

Competitiveness of mature renewable hydrogen power generation by capacity factor (Base-cost case)



Competitiveness of mature technology costs for different dispatch duration capabilities with 5% capacity factor





HYDROGEN WILL STRUGGLE TO BE ECONOMICALLY COMPETITIVE COMPARED TO BATTERIES AT SHORT DISPATCH DURATIONS OR GAS WITH CCUS FOR LONGER DISPATCH DURATIONS AND AT HIGHER CAPACITY FACTORS



GET IN TOUCH

- www.energy-community.org
- Ener_Community
- in /company/energy-community
- f /Ener.Community
- /EnergyCommunityTV