Project IRIS Carbon Capture and e-Methanol Production

IENE Workshop

Prospects for the Implementation of CCUS Technologies in Greece and SE Europe National Hellenic Research Foundation

www.moh.gr | October 10, 2023

Yiorgos Daskalakis















Paris summit 2015

A pivotal event for the environment and the energy landscape

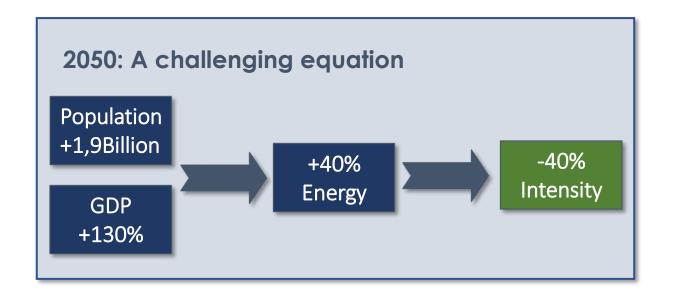
- ❖ A legally binding document signed by 196 countries
- Submit National Determined Contributions
- Technology transfer and financial support for the developing countries

The Goal

- ❖ By 2050, limit global warming well below 2,0°C compared to preindustrial levels
- Achieve a climate neutral world by mid-century

On track?

• Current pledges reduce GHG emissions by 7,5% by 2030





The expected role of CC(U)S

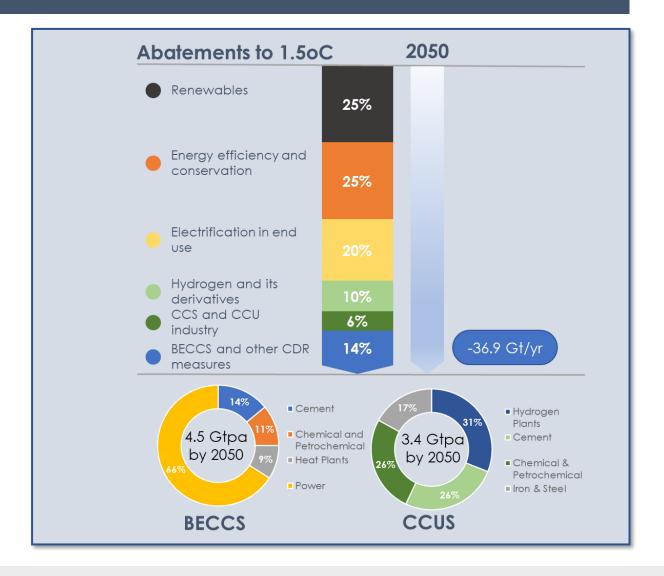
CC(U)S's role is considered pivotal for the achievement of NZE

Initially focused on Natural Gas processing and Power plants

- ❖ Targets for CCUS now include steel & cement plants, LNG liq. plants, refineries & petrochemical plants, blue hydrogen and other hard to abate sectors
- ❖ BECCS is gaining pace as a negative-emissions measure; availability of sustainable biomass is a question (appx.40-50EJ of biomass; 0,9-1,4Gtoe)

Current capture and storage: 40Mt CO2 p.a.

- ❖ 2030: 1.2Gt CO2 p.a. for NZE (all planned projects account for <15%)
- ❖ 2050: 4.2Gt CO2 p.a. (or even 6.0 − 10.0 Gt CO2 p.a.)
- ❖ Annual investments in CCUS, are expected to reach \$120B to \$150B beyond 2035



- IRENA, Reaching Zero with Renewables CAPTURING CARBON, 2021
- McKinsey & Company, Scaling the CCS industry to achieve net zero emissions, October 2022



Project IRIS

A project that serves MOH's main strategic directions

- Increases resilience by drastically reducing GHG emissions
- Defending MOH's sustainability targets
- MOH becomes a major Blue Hydrogen producer while expanding the capacity to further decarbonize its operations
- ♦ Materializes CO₂ circularity via the production of e-Methanol
- Reduces Scope 3 emissions through the introduction of low carbon methanol and hydrogen to end uses
- Synergies with existing projects (TriEres Hydrogen valley)

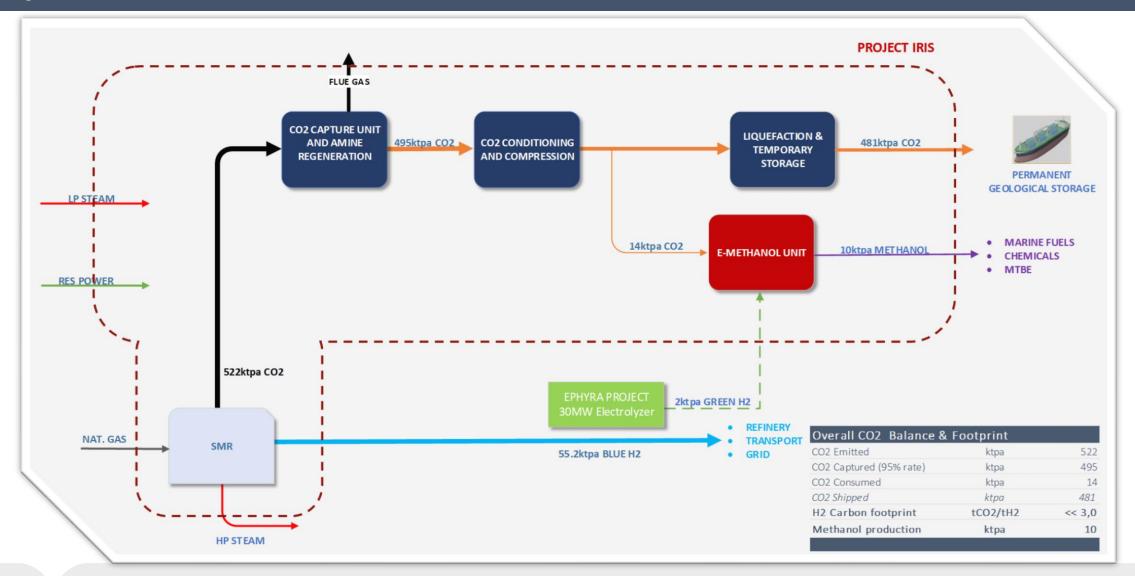


...but a challenging project

- Multifaceted project with a tight time schedule
- Construction and operation in a heavily congested industrial complex
- Very high demand for utilities
- Fleet development is an issue
- Revenues uncertainty and the development of relevant markets



Project's Perimeter





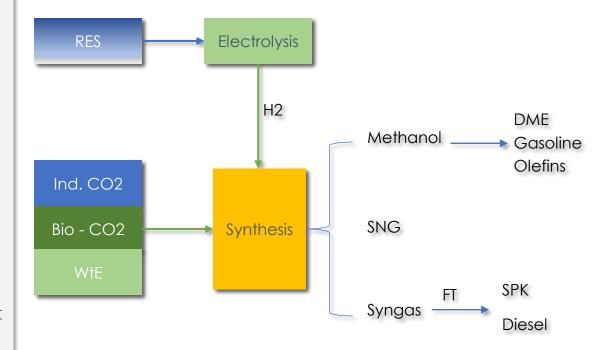
Methanol production

IRIS becomes one of the first projects to implement carbon utilization

- E-fuels: an option for the hard to abate sectors
- Methanol presents an option for the shipping industry
- ❖ Methanol is the precursor of high value chemicals and fuels
- Current regulatory framework provides for the use of captured fossil CO2
- ❖ On-site availability of green H2 is a major contributing factor
- Catalytical hydrogenation of CO2 is gaining momentum with new plants coming online

Albeit its small size, the methanol unit contributes to the opening of CO2 market

- ❖ Operating in a demanding industrial complex in tandem with the capture unit
- ❖ Allows for the testing of different business models, including sourcing of CO2 from 3rd parties
- Circularity is served





Strategic pillars guiding our path forward

Resilience Sustainable Growth

Refining, Supply & Trading

Mobility and Retail

Renewable Energy

Alternative Fuels & Circular Economy



- Operational Efficiency and Flexibility
- Decarbonization
- Digitalization
- Diversification into Petrochemicals



- Enhanced customer value proposition
- Electrification and e-mobility
- Lower Carbon Fuels



- Diversified operational RESportfolio
- Strong pipeline for organic growth across technologies including batteries and storage





- Natural and Renewable Gas
- Hydrogen
- Advanced Biofuels

В



- Waste
 Management and
 Recycling
- Lubricants
 Recycling and
 Regeneration
- Biofuels Feedstock Development

Driving Growth and Change Across a Diverse, Multi-Energy Portfolio





Thank you very much!













